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WEED RESEARCH DIVISION

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THE PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY IN WARM-CLIMATE SPECIES OF SOME RECENTLY DEVELOPED HERBICIDES: METAZACHLOR, RST 20024H, ORBENCARB AND DIFLUFENICAN

RST 200024H is trimexachlor

C PARKER and ANITA K WILSON

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NOTE

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THE PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY IN WARM-CLIMATE SPECIES OF SOME RECENTLY DEVELOPED HERBICIDES: METAZACHLOR, RST 20024H, ORBENCARB AND DIFLUFENICAN

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SUMMARY

Four herbicides were evaluated as surface pre-emergence treatments in a glasshouse pot experiment on 28 warm-climate crop and weed species. Maize and sorghum were each included in two sets, with and without seed dressings of safeners, 1,8-naphthalic anhydride (NA) on maize, and CGA 92194 on sorghum.

Metazachlor was very much more active than RST 20024H but both showed the effects and selectivity typical of the anilide herbicide group with excellent selectivity against Amaranthus retroflexus and a range of annual grasses in large-seeded legume crops. Maize and sorghum showed moderate tolerance which was markedly increased by the respective safeners. Cyperus esculentus, Commelina diffusa and Rottboellia cochinchinensis were only controlled at the higher doses of each compound and advantages over the established members of this herbicide group are not clear.

Orbencarb, a thiolcarbamate which does not require pre-planting incorporation was highly selective against Amaranthus and many annual grasses in maize and large-seeded legumes but failed to control R. cochinchinensis or Cyperus species. Maize and sorghum each showed improved tolerance with safeners. Most notable was the control of C. diffusa at a low dose at which a wide range of crops was tolerant including all legumes, cotton, kenaf, aubergine, rice, millet and sorghum.

Diflufenican causes albinism in susceptible species which include A. retroflexus and some annual grasses but not Echinochloa crus-galli, R. cochinchinensis, C. diffusa or Cyperus spp. Highly resistant crops included rice, sorghum, maize and many legumes, while a much wider range including aubergine, jute and sesamum tolerated a dose which controlled A. retroflexus. Phalaris minor and Snowdenia polystachya were controlled at a dose known to be safe in wheat and barley.

INTRODUCTION

Until March 1982, warm-climate crop and weed species were regularly included in the herbicide evaluation programme at the Weed Research Organization (WRO) under funding from HM Overseas Development Administration (ODA), and results were published jointly between the Herbicide and Tropical Weeds Groups in the WRO Technical Report series. After an interval during which funds were not available it was possible in 1985 to resume herbicide evaluation on species of relevance to developing countries under a new project, partially funded by the European Economic Community. This report covers the second of two 'back-log' experiments conducted to evaluate, on warm-climate species, a number of compounds already tested at WRO on temperate species. Relevant reports on the previous tests are Richardson and West (1984, 1985a,b, 1986). Those reports provide information on the relative importance of foliar and soil activity and also on the soil persistence of these compounds.

The objectives of the work reported here are exactly as indicated in previous reports in this series, i.e. to provide a guide to the potential usefulness of new compounds in the crops tested. Owing to the relatively artificial conditions of glasshouse pot experiments it must be emphasized that the results are to be regarded only as a guide, and that further field testing is essential to confirm any of the interesting leads revealed.

This report gives pre-emergence selectivity data for four new herbicides.

METHODS AND MATERIALS

Techniques were as described by Richardson and Dean (1973), all herbicides being applied as surface pre-emergence treatments. Species were sown as detailed in Appendix I, each being replicated twice for each treatment. Soil and environmental details are given in Table 1.

Table 1. Soil and environmental conditions

Date of spraying	8.7.85
Main assessment completed	2.8.85
<hr/>	
organic matter %	1.3
clay content %	16.0
pH	7.5
ammonium sulphate g/kg	0.5
superphosphate g/kg	1.0
potassium sulphate g/kg	0.6
fritted trace elements g/kg	0.1
hydrated magnesium sulphate g/kg	0.4
<hr/>	
<u>Temperature (°C)</u>	
mean	24
maximum	36
minimum	13
<hr/>	
<u>Relative humidity (%)</u>	
mean	68
maximum	90
minimum	24
<hr/>	

Pre-planting treatments to improve germination included a) the storage of Cyperus esculentus tubers at 5°C for 2 weeks before planting and b) the soaking of Amaranthus retroflexus seeds in 0.1 M potassium nitrate.

To protect against soil-borne pathogens, most seeds were pre-treated with thiram. Some had been pre-dressed with unknown compounds. Those not treated at all were rice, Snowdenia polystachya and Bromus pectinatus.

Maize and sorghum were each set up with and without a seed treatment of 'safener'. For maize, the seeds were shaken with a quantity of technical 1,8-naphthalic anhydride (NA) equivalent to 0.5% of seed weight. For sorghum, the seeds were shaken with a quantity of 70% CGA 92194 (N-1(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl-methoxy)-imino-benzene acetonitrile) equivalent to 0.2% a.i. of seed weight.

Herbicides were applied using a laboratory sprayer embodying an 8002E Spraying Systems Tee Jet operating at a pressure of 207 kpa (30 lb/in²) and moving at 0.54 m/sec 30 cm above the soil. Subsequent watering was from overhead.

Assessment and processing of results

Results were processed as described by Richardson and Dean (1973). Survivors were counted and scored for vigour on a 0-7 scale where 0 = dead and 7 = no different from the untreated control.

Pairs of histograms are presented for each treatment, the upper representing the plant survival and the lower vigour score, both calculated as percentages of untreated controls. Each 'x' represents a 5% increment. A '+' indicates a value in excess of 100%.

A table of observed selectivities, using the criteria specified is presented for each herbicide along with comments to highlight salient points.

The perennial Cyperus spp. were kept for an extra period to observe later effects and/or the recovery from injury.

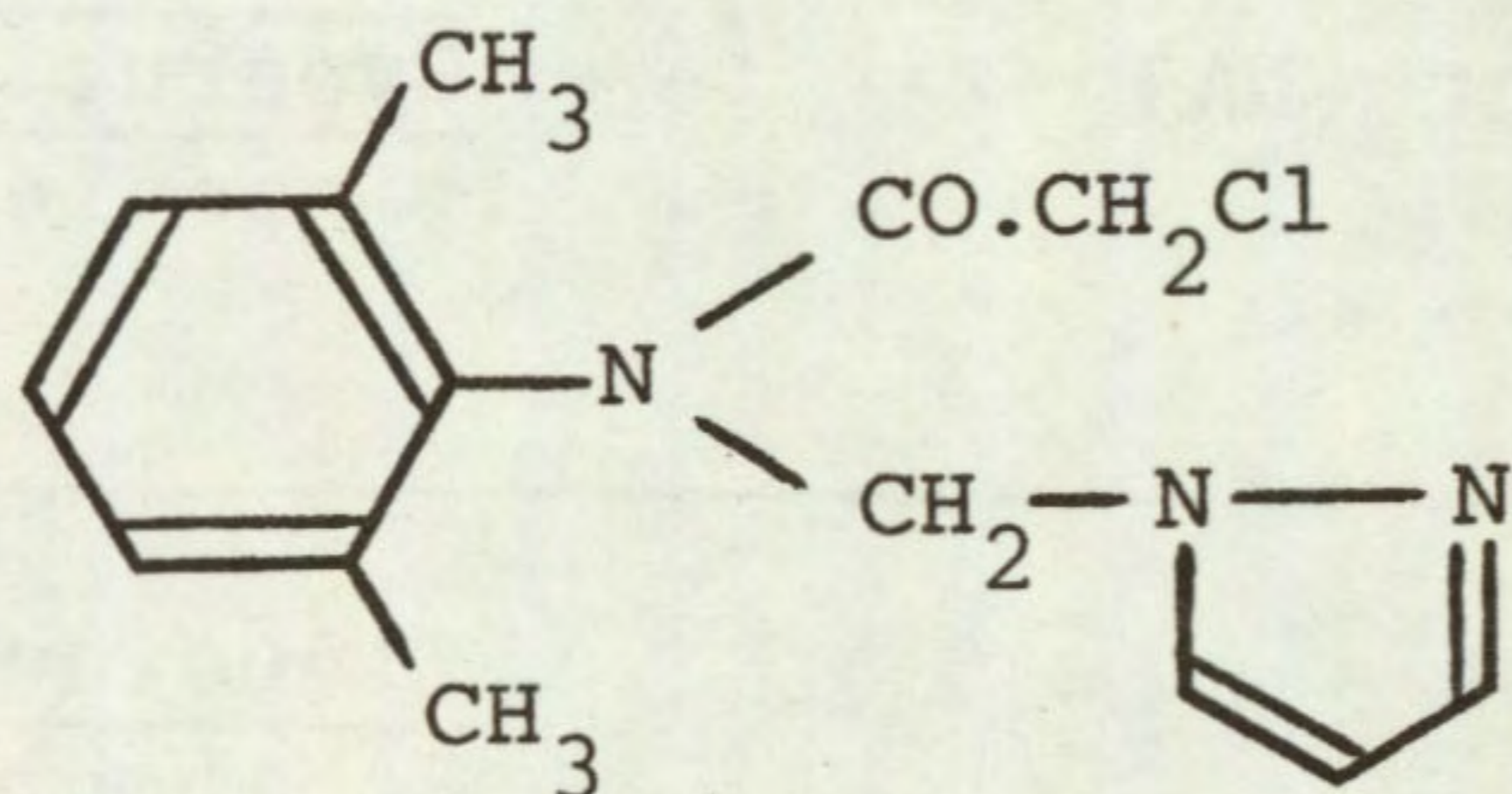
Metazachlor

Code numbers BAS 47900H
 BAS 47902H

Trade name/s Butisan

Chemical name α -chloro-N-(1-pyrazolylmethyl)aceto-2',6'-xylylide

Structure



Source BASF (UK) Ltd
 Agricultural Division
 Lady Lane
 Hadleigh
 Suffolk IP7 6BQ

Information available and suggested uses

Pre-emergence control of annual grass and broad-leaved weeds in winter rape at 1.25 kg a.i./ha; swedes at 1.0 to 1.25 kg a.i./ha; transplanted brassicas at 1.0 to 1.25 kg a.i./ha.

Formulation used: 50% a.i. suspension concentrate

Spray volume: 372 l/ha

RESULTS

Full results are given in the histograms on pages 6 to 8 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following table.

Rate (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: Vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
1.0	groundnut	<u>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</u> <u>Cyperus rotundus</u> + species below
0.25	as above + maize + safener (NA) chickpea soyabean	<u>Commelina diffusa</u> <u>Cyperus esculentus</u> + species below
0.0625	as above + maize sorghum + safener (CGA 92194) cowpea mungbean cotton	<u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Bromus pectinatus</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u> <u>Phalaris minor</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>

Comments on results

Metazachlor caused symptoms typical of the anilide herbicides and a somewhat comparable range of selectivity with large-seeded legumes showing the greatest tolerance, and Amaranthus retroflexus and many annual grasses highly sensitive. As with other members of this herbicide class, Cyperus esculentus was moderately susceptible but C. rotundus rather less so. After 4 months C. esculentus was still completely suppressed at 1 kg/ha but C. rotundus had recovered. Rottboellia was, as expected, relatively resistant. Cotton and maize (unprotected) tolerated only the lowest dose, but both maize and sorghum were protected about 4-fold by their respective safeners allowing maize to tolerate the higher dose of 0.25 kg/ha. Millet was extremely sensitive.

It is not easy to judge from this experiment what advantages this compound might have over the related alachlor or metolachlor in warmer climates, but it should be well worth including in any work on cruciferous crops (cf Richardson & West (1985a)).

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

METAZACHLOR

SPECIES		0.0625 kg/ha		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha	
MILLET (55)	0 0			0 0		0 0	
MAIZE+S (56)	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	96 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAIZE (57)	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		104 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	78 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
SORG+S (58)	93 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		73 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0	
SORGHUM (59)	21 50	XXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX		0 0		0 0	
PIGEON P (61)	63 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX		0 0		0 0	
COWPEA (62)	100 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHICKPEA (63)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		92 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
GRNDNUT (64)	93 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		107 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
COTTON (66)	114 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		67 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	95 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
JUTE (67)	0 0			0 0		0 0	

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

METAZACHLOR

SPECIES		0.0625 kg/ha		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha
KENAF (68)	84 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	89 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
SESAMUM (70)	59 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	59 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	18 14	XXXX XXX
RICE (72)	85 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	12 14	XX XXX	0 0	
ELEU IND (74)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA (76)	109 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	70 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	30 29	XXXXXX XXXXXX
DIG SANG (77)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	22 21	XXXX XXXX	0 0		0 0	
BROM PEC (82)	10 29	XX XXXXXX	0 0		0 0	
SNO POL (83)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
PHAL MIN (84)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
CYP ESCU (85)	147 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29 29	XXXXXX XXXXXX	0 0	

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

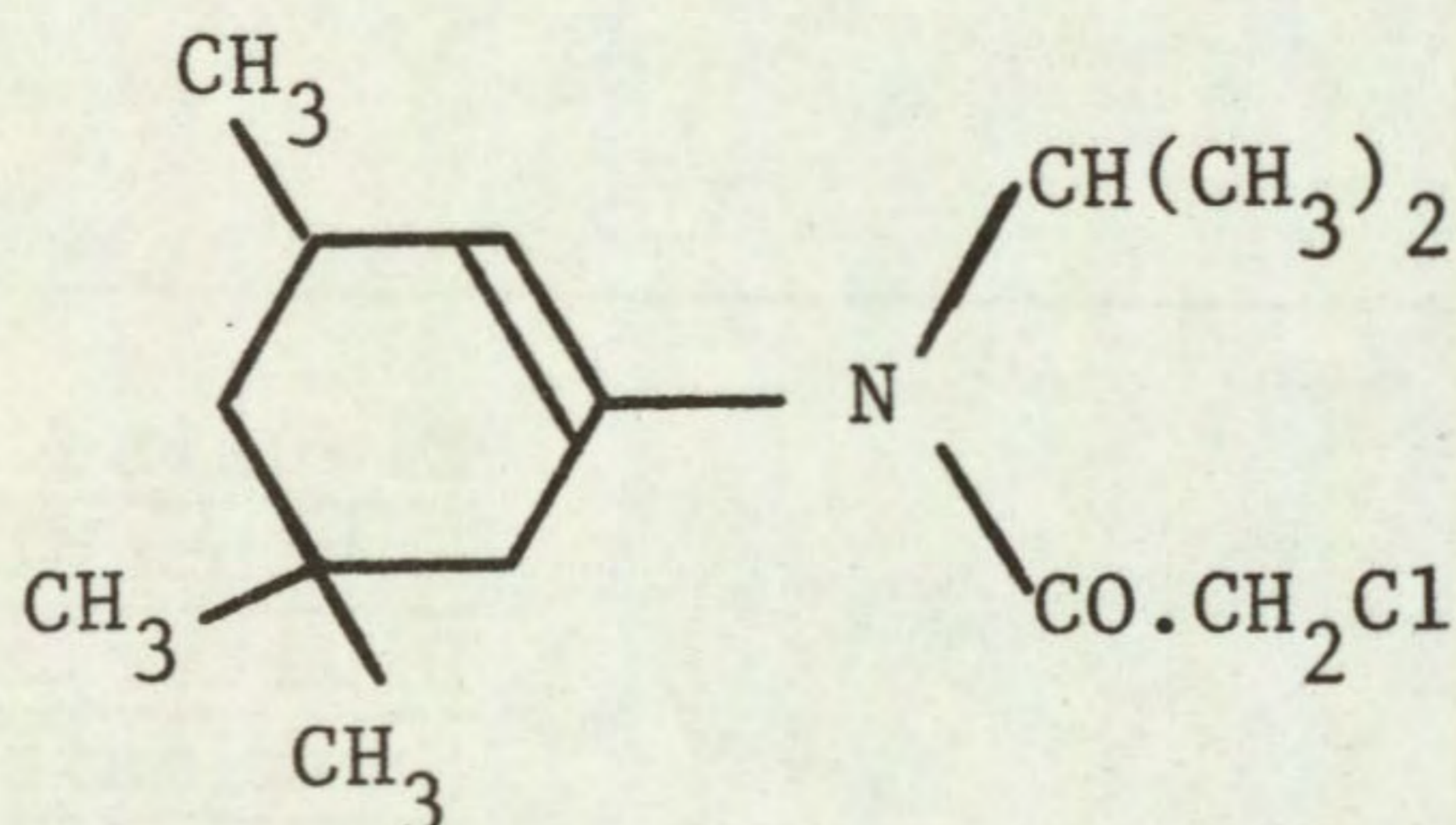
SPECIES	METAZACHLOR		
	0.0625 kg/ha	0.2500 kg/ha	1.0000 kg/ha
CYP ROTU (86)	87 100 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	62 79 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	15 64 xxx XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AUBGIN (89)	58 57 XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	32 21 xxxxx xxxx	6 21 x xxxx
LENTIL (90)	21 36 xxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	0 0
MUNGB (91)	100 100 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	67 43 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
TEFF (92)	0 0	0 0	0 0
COMMEL (93)	78 64 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	17 14 xxx xxx	0 0

Code number RST 20024H Trade name/s
RST 20061H (+ atrazine) Atravit rustica (+ atrazine)

Common name Trimexachlor (proposed)

Chemical name α -chloroacetic-N-(3,5,5-trimethyl-cyclo-hexen-1-yl)-N-isopropylamide

Structure



Source Ruhr-Stickstoff AG
Landwirtschaftliche Forschung
Hanninghof 35
D4408 Dülmen
Federal Republic of Germany

Information available and suggested uses

Broad-spectrum weed control in maize, winter rape, soyabeans etc. pre- and post-emergence.

Formulation used Emulsifiable concentrate 40% a.i.

Spray volume 372 l/ha

RESULTS

Full results are given in the histograms on pages 11-13 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following table.

Rate (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
4.0	groundnut	<u>Cyperus esculentus</u> + species below
1.0	as above + maize + safener (NA) sorghum + safener (CGA 92194) cowpea soyabean mungbean kenaf	<u>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</u> <u>Bromus pectinatus</u> <u>Commelina diffusa</u> + species below
0.25	as above + lentil chickpea aubergine	<u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u> <u>Phalaris minor</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>

Comments on results

As with the preceding compound, symptoms and selectivity were generally quite typical for the anilide herbicide class, but the level of activity was very much less. There is again good selectivity against Amaranthus and many annual grasses in larger seeded legumes with additional potential for kenaf, aubergine and lentil, not shown by metazachlor. Cyperus esculentus was relatively more tolerant requiring 4 kg/ha for temporary control (from which there was strong recovery after 3 months). Rottboellia was relatively a little more susceptible but a few plants recovered strongly from 1 kg/ha. Maize showed good tolerance and selective control of Rottboellia might just be possible, especially with the moderate protective effect of the safener NA. The safening effect of CGA 92194 on sorghum was particularly pronounced (well over 4-fold) allowing selective control of a wide range of annual weeds in this crop. Millet, however, was again extremely sensitive.

As for metazachlor it is difficult to judge the potential advantages of this compound over the related alachlor and metolachlor, but it deserves comparison with them in many crops if there is any possibility of a price advantage.

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

RST 20024H

SPECIES		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha		4.0000 kg/ha
MILLET (55)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
MAIZE+S (56)	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAIZE (57)	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXX
SORG+S (58)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SORGHUM (59)	110 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	28 50	XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	7 21	x xxxx
PIGEON P (61)	84 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	32 43	XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	0 0	
COWPEA (62)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHICKPEA (63)	83 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
GRNDNUT (64)	93 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
COTTON (66)	95 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	105 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
JUTE (67)	76 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	31 36	XXXXXX XXXXXX	0 0	

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

RST 20024H

SPECIES		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha		4.0000 kg/ha
KENAF (68)	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	95 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	105 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM (70)	50 57	xxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	59 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	14 29	xxx xxxxxx
RICE (72)	109 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	24 36	xxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	
ELEU IND (74)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA (76)	113 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	9 36	xx xxxxxxx	0 0	
DIG SANG (77)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	22 71	xxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	18 21	xxxx xxxx	0 0	
BROM PEC (82)	63 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	29 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	
SNO POL (83)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
PHAL MIN (84)	3 14	x xxx	0 0		0 0	
CYP ESCU (85)	106 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	53 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	0 0	

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

RST 20024H

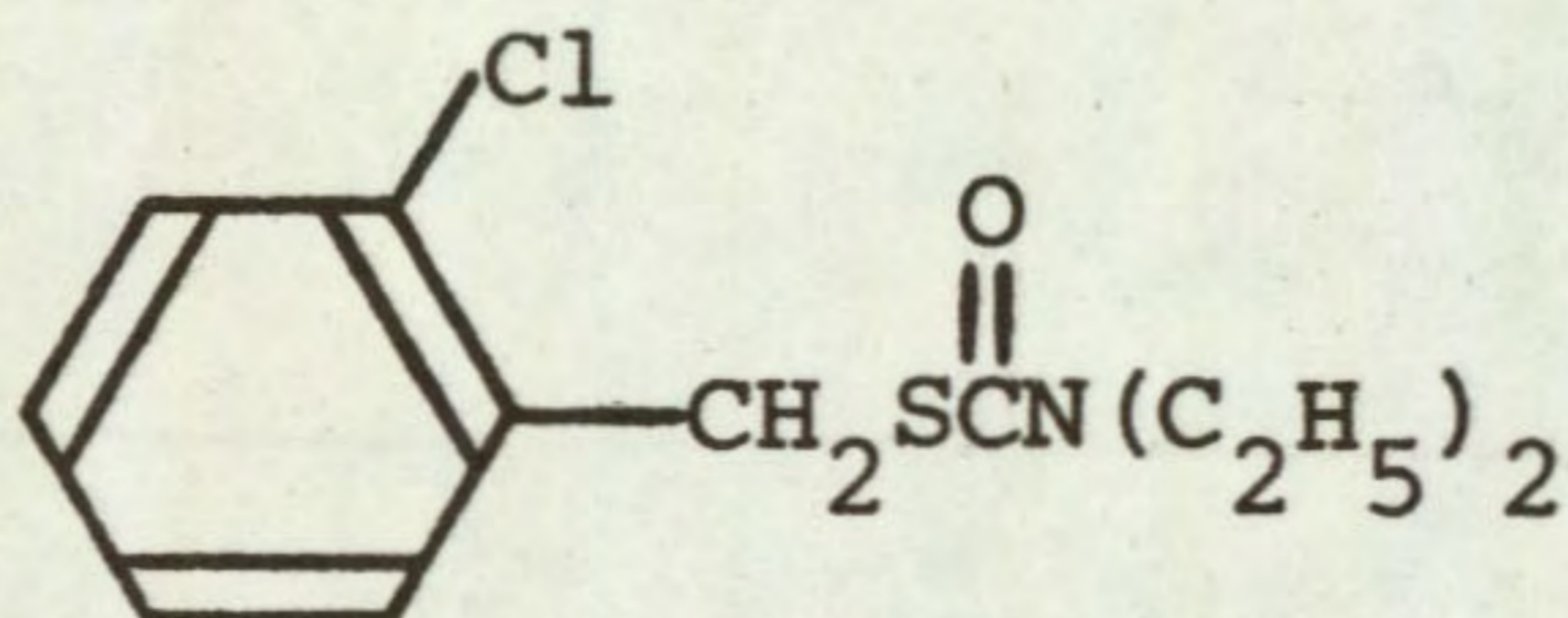
SPECIES		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha		4.0000 kg/ha
CYP ROTU (86)	87 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	98 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	62 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AUBGIN (89)	84 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	52 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0	
LENTIL (90)	103 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0		7 21	x xxxx
MUNGB. (91)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0	
TEFF (92)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
COMMEL (93)	70 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	

Orbencarb

Other common name Orthobencarb (Japan) Trade name Lanray

Chemical name S-o-chlorobenzyl diethylthiocarbamate

Structure



Source Kumiai Chemical Industry Co Ltd.
4-26 Ikenohata 1-chome
Taito-ku
Tokyo 110
Japan

Information available and suggested uses

Pre-emergence after sowing until just before emergence of maize, sorghum, wheat, barley, potato, soyabean, carrot, groundnut, cotton, sunflower, sugar beet, kidney beans at 4.0 to 6.0 kg a.i./ha depending on soil type.

Formulation used Emulsifiable concentrate 50% w/v a.i.

Spray volume 372 l/ha

RESULTS

Full results are given in the histograms on pages 16-18 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following table.

Rate (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
6.0	maize + safener (NA) groundnut soyabean	All species below
2.0	as above + maize cowpea chickpea mungbean	<u>Bromus pectinatus</u> <u>Phalaris minor</u> + species below
0.67	millet rice sorghum + safener (CGA 92194) pigeon pea lentil cotton kenaf aubergine	<u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u> <u>Commelina diffusa</u>

Comments on results

Although unrelated to the preceding compounds, the pattern of selectivity was somewhat similar, being excellent in the large seeded legumes and in maize. As it is a thiocarbamate, it was a little surprising not to see better control of the Cyperus spp. but this could perhaps be due to the application being to the soil surface (which is possible with this compound) rather than incorporated pre-planting. Rottboellia also showed almost complete resistance but a very interesting strength was the good control of Commelina even at the lowest dose. Although cotton, kenaf and aubergine only tolerated this lowest dose, the selective control of Commelina may be of particular interest. The selectivities in millet and rice also deserved further study.

There was evidence of some protection of maize by NA, as is to be expected with a thiocarbamate. There was also moderate protection of sorghum by CGA 92194 but this was rather less than 4-fold.

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

SPECIES	ORBENCARB		
	0.6700 kg/ha	2.0000 kg/ha	6.0000 kg/ha
MILLET (55)	97 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	34 57 xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0
MAIZE+S (56)	96 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	104 93 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	104 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
MAIZE (57)	104 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	104 93 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	104 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SORG+S (58)	93 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	67 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	40 36 xxxxxxx xxxxxxx
SORGHUM (59)	76 71 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	41 43 xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	7 14 x xxx
PIGEON P (61)	126 93 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	74 71 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	74 50 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
COWPEA (62)	100 93 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CHICKPEA (63)	100 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
GRDNUT (64)	80 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	107 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	107 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOYABEAN (65)	92 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COTTON (66)	105 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	105 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	114 50 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxx
JUTE (67)	93 50 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	7 43 x xxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

SPECIES	ORBENCARB					
	0.6700 kg/ha		2.0000 kg/ha		6.0000 kg/ha	
KENAF (68)	105 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+	84 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	63 21	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SESAMUM (70)	73 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	55 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	23 21	XXXXX
RICE (72)	115 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+	109 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+	97 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
ELEU IND (74)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	6 21	x XXXX	0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA (76)	104 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+	109 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+	113 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+
DIG SANG (77)	4 21	x XXXX	0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	22 71	XXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	25 36	XXXXX XXXXXXX	0 0	
BROM PEC (82)	63 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0		0 0	
SNO POL (83)	11 14	XX XXX	0 0		0 0	
PHAL MIN (84)	87 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	15 29	XXX XXXXXX	0 0	
CYP ESCU (85)	94 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	94 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	41 57	XXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

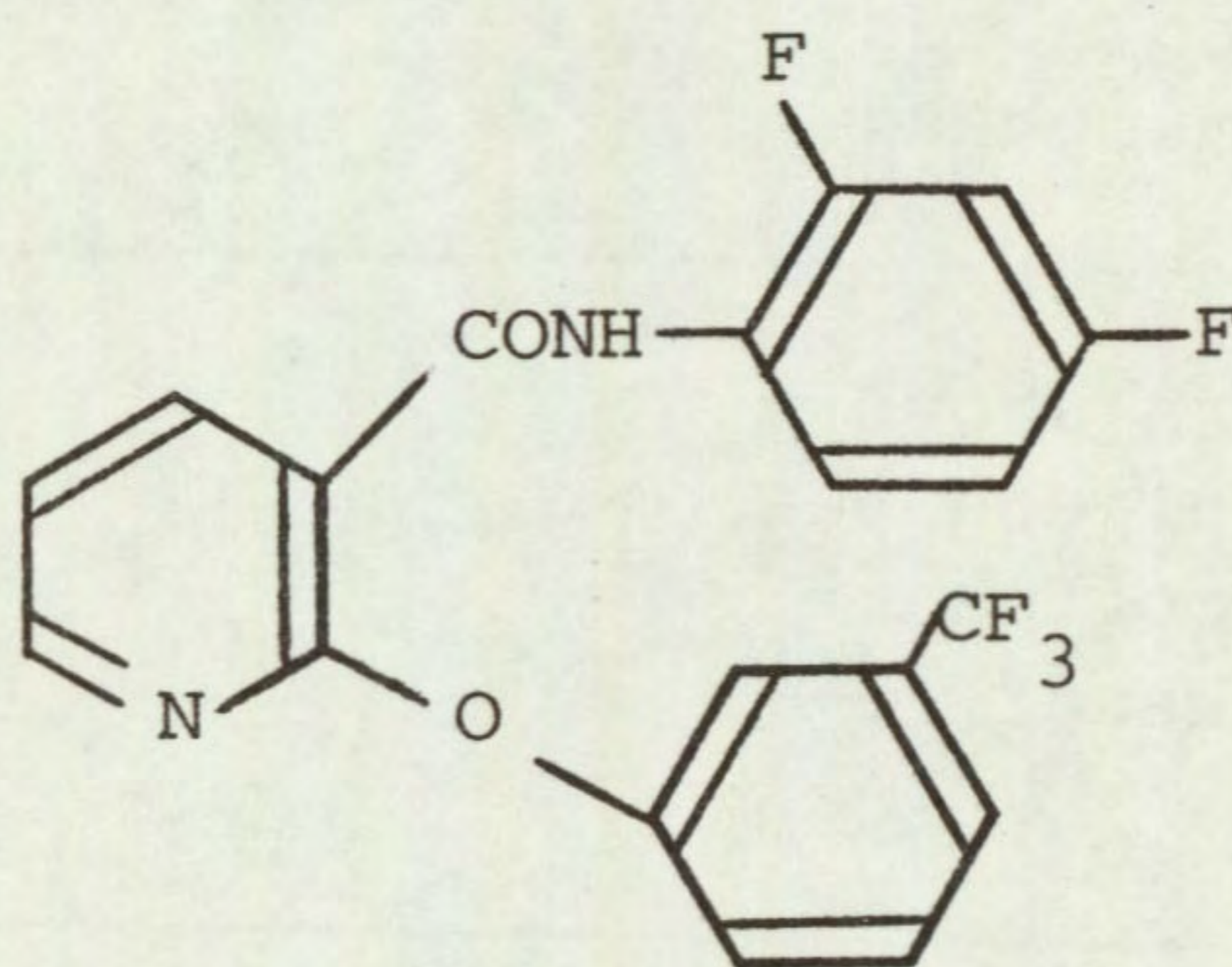
SPECIES	ORBENCARB					
	0.6700 kg/ha		2.0000 kg/ha		6.0000 kg/ha	
CYP ROTU (86)	120 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	87 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	91 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
AUBGIN (89)	97 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	97 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	32 43	xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx
LENTIL (90)	90 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	62 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	28 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx
MUNGB. (91)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TEFF (92)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
COMMEL (93)	26 21	xxxxx xxxx	17 21	xxx xxxx	0 0	

Diflufenican

Code number MB 38544

Chemical name 2',4'-difluoro-2-(α,α,α -trifluoro-*m*-tolylloxy)nicotinamide

Structure



Source May and Baker Limited
Ongar Research Station
Fyfield Road
Ongar
Essex CN5 OHW

Information and available and suggested uses

Control of broad-leaved weeds (Galium, Veronica, Viola spp., Polygonum aviculare, Stellaria media), pre- and early post-emergence in wheat and barley at 0.125 to 0.25 kg a.i./ha. Also pre-emergence in maize for control of Setaria, Digitaria, Amaranthus, Chenopodium, Solanum spp.

Formulation used: Wettable power 50% w/w a.i.

Spray volume: 372 l/ha

RESULTS

Full results are given in the histograms on pages 21-23 and potential selectivities are summarised in the tables.

Rate (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
1.0	rice maize + safener (NA) sorghum + safener (CGA 92194) cowpea chickpea groundnut soyabean mungbean	Species below
0.25	as above + pigeon pea cotton kenaf	<u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Snowdenia polystachya</u> <u>Phalaris minor</u> + species below
0.0625	as above + millet lentil jute sesamum aubergine	<u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>

Comments on results

This herbicide has a totally different type of action to the others in this experiment, causing inhibition of chlorophyll synthesis and complete albinism in susceptible species. Maize, sorghum, rice and the larger seeded legumes were outstandingly tolerant but the range of weeds controlled was limited to the Amaranthus and a few annual grasses which did not include Echinochloa or Rottboellia. The Cyperus species and Commelina were also unaffected. If some other important annual broad-leaved weeds are proved to be susceptible there could be a use for this compound in lentil, kenaf, jute, sesamum and aubergine for which the range of options is still limited but this will require further evaluation.

Another potential use in warm-climate areas could be for control of Phalaris minor and Snowdenia in wheat and barley which have shown high tolerance in other tests (Richardson & West, 1985b). Bromus pectinatus, however, is highly resistant.

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

DIFLUFENICAN

SPECIES	0.6250 kg/ha		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha	
MILLET (55)	83 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	34 36	XXXXXXX XXXXXXX
MAIZE+S (56)	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAIZE (57)	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SORG+S (58)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	87 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SORGHUM (59)	103 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	103 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	110 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PIGEON P (61)	126 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	126 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	74 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
COWPEA (62)	100 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	83 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHICKPEA (63)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	67 86	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GRNDNUT (64)	107 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
COTTON (66)	76 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	95 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
JUTE (67)	97 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	86 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

DIFLUFENICAN

SPECIES		0.6250 kg/ha		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha
KENAF (68)	84 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	89 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	89 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM (70)	118 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	123 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50 50	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx
RICE (72)	115 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	103 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	115 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ELEU IND (74)	57 50	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	90 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	48 36	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxx
ROTT EXA (76)	96 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	117 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	91 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	57 71	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	86 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxx	18 7	xxxx x	0 0	
BROM PEC (82)	98 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	93 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SNO POL (83)	52 71	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx	22 36	xxxx xxxxxx	0 0	
PHAL MIN (84)	104 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	42 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxx	0 0	
CYP ESCU (85)	112 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	124 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx+ xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

TRIAL NUMBER 8533

DIFLUFENICAN

SPECIES		0.6250 kg/ha		0.2500 kg/ha		1.0000 kg/ha
CYP ROTU (86)	80 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	109 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	98 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AUBGIN (89)	97 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	97 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	52 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
LENTIL (90)	110 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	97 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MUNGB (91)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TEFF (92)	50 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0		0 0	
COMMEL (93)	70 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	122 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX+ XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are grateful to Mrs S Barrett for processing the experimental data and to Mr M Kempson for technical assistance. The work was carried out with financial support from the European Economic Community (EEC) under Contract No. TSD.A.198.(UK)H.

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Appendix 1. Species, abbreviations, cultivars and stage of growth at assessment

	Designation and computer serial number	Cultivar or source	No. per pot	Depth of planting (cm)	Stage of growth at assessment (untreated controls, leaf numbers exclusive of cotyledons)
Millet (<u>Pennisetum americanum</u>)	MILLET (55)	ex Bornu	10	0.5	6-7 leaves
Maize + safener (<u>Zea mays</u>)	MAIZE + S (56)	LG 11	6	2	4-5 leaves
Maize (<u>Zea mays</u>)	MAIZE (57)	LG 11	6	2	5-6 leaves
Sorghum + safener (<u>Sorghum bicolor</u>)	SORG + S (58)	TUB 22	8	1	5-6 leaves
Sorghum (<u>Sorghum bicolor</u>)	SORG (59)	TUB 22	8	1	5-6 leaves
Pigeon pea (<u>Cajanus cajan</u>)	PIGEON P (61)	ICRISAT T	6	1	2-3 trifoliates
Cowpea (<u>Vigna unguiculata</u>)	COWPEA (62)	Blackeye (TRS)	6	1	2 trifoliates
Chickpea (<u>Cicer arietinum</u>)	CHICKPEA (63)	ILC 482	6	1	11-12 leaves
Groundnut (<u>Arachis hypogaea</u>)	GRNDNUT (64)	NC 6	4	2	4-5 leaves
Soyabean (<u>Glycine max</u>)	SOYABEAN (65)	Amsoy	6	1	1-2 trifoliates
Cotton (<u>Gossypium hirsutum</u>)	COTTON (66)	Coker 315	6	1	2-3 leaves
Jute (<u>Corchorus capsularis</u>)	JUTE (67)	India	15	0.5	4-5 leaves
Kenaf (<u>Hibiscus cannabinus</u>)	KENAF (68)	WRO 1981	10	0.5	4-5 leaves
Sesamum (<u>Sesamum indicum</u>)	SESAMUM (70)	Sudan	15	0.5	4-6 leaves
Rice (<u>Oryza sativa</u>)	RICE (72)	IR 36	10	1	5-6 leaves

<u>Eleusine indica</u>	ELEU IND (74)	Zimbabwe 1980	20	0.5	6-7 leaves
<u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>	ECH CRUS (75)	WRO 1979	20	0.5	5-6 leaves
<u>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</u> (= <u>R. exaltata</u>)	ROTT EXA (76)	Zambia 1978	15	0.5	5-6 leaves
<u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u>	DIG SANG (77)	WRO 1979	20	0.25	5-6 leaves
<u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>	AMAR RET (78)	WRO 1980	20	0.25	8-9 leaves
<u>Bromus pectinatus</u>	BROM PEC (82)	Tanzania 1981	12	0.5	3-4 leaves
<u>Snowdenia polystachya</u>	SNO POL (83)	Ethiopia 1980	30	0.25	5-6 leaves
<u>Phalaris minor</u>	PHAL MIN (84)	WRO 1979	20	0.25	3-4 leaves
<u>Cyperus esculentus</u>	CYP ESCU (85)	WRO clone 2 (ex S. Africa)	8	2	7-8 leaves
<u>Cyperus rotundus</u>	CYP ROTU (86)	WRO clone 1 (Zimbabwe)	5	2	8-10 leaves
<u>Aubergine</u> (<u>Solanum melongena</u>)	AUBGIN (89)	Money Maker (F.1. hybrid)	8	0.5	2-3 leaves
<u>Lentil</u> (<u>Lens culinaris</u>)	LENTIL (90)	Syrian local	8	1	9-11 leaves
<u>Mungbean</u> (<u>Phaseolus aureus</u>)	MUNGB (91)	CES-ID-21	6	1	1-2 trifoliate
<u>Teff</u> (<u>Eragrostis tef</u>)	TEFF (92)	Ethiopia 1981	20	0.25	2-5 leaves
<u>Commelina diffusa</u>	COMMEL (93)	USA	8	1	3-4 leaves

ABBREVIATIONS

ångström	Å	freezing point	f.p.
Abstract	Abs.	from summary	F.s.
acid equivalent*	a.e.	gallon	gal
acre	ac	gallons per hour	gal/h
active ingredient*	a.i.	gallons per acre	gal/ac
approximately equal to*	≈	gas liquid chromatography	GLC
aqueous concentrate	a.c.	gramme	g
bibliography	bibl.	hectare	ha
boiling point	b.p.	hectokilogram	hkg
bushel	bu	high volume	HV
centigrade	C	horse power	hp
centimetre*	cm	hour	h
concentrated	concd	hundredweight*	cwt
concentration concentration x time product	concn	hydrogen ion concentration*	pH
concentration required to kill 50% test animals	ct	inch	in.
cubic centimetre*	LC50	infra red	i.r.
cubic foot*	cm ³	kilogramme	kg
cubic inch*	ft ³	kilo (x10 ³)	k
cubic metre*	in ³	less than	<
cubic yard*	m ³	litre	l.
cultivar(s)	yd ³	low volume	LV
curie*	cv.	maximum	max.
degree Celsius*	Ci	median lethal dose	LD50
degree centigrade	°C	medium volume	MV
degree Fahrenheit*	°C	melting point	m.p.
diameter	°F	metre	m
diameter at breast height	diam.	micro (x10 ⁻⁶)	μ
divided by*	d.b.h.	microgramme*	μg
dry matter	÷ or /	micromicro (pico: x10 ⁻¹²)*	μμ
emulsifiable concentrate	d.m.	micrometre (micron)*	μm (or μ)
equal to*	e.c.	micron (micrometre)* †	μm (or μ)
fluid	=	miles per hour*	mile/h
foot	fl.	milli (x10 ⁻³)	m
	ft	milliequivalent*	m.equiv.
		milligramme	mg
		millilitre	ml

† The name micrometre is preferred to micron and μm is preferred to μ.

millimetre*	mm	pre-emergence	pre-em.
millimicro* (nano: $\times 10^{-9}$)	n or mp	quart	quart
minimum	min.	relative humidity	r.h.
minus	-	revolution per minute*	rev/min
minute	min	second	s
molar concentration*	M (small cap)	soluble concentrate	s.c.
molecule, molecular	mol.	soluble powder	s.p.
more than	>	solution	soln
multiplied by*	x	species (singular)	sp.
normal concentration*	N (small cap)	species (plural)	spp.
not dated	n.d.	specific gravity	sp. gr.
oil miscible concentrate	o.m.c. (tables only)	square foot*	ft ²
organic matter	o.m.	square inch	in ²
ounce	oz	square metre*	m ²
ounces per gallon	oz/gal	square root of*	√
page	p.	sub-species*	ssp.
pages	pp.	summary	s.
parts per million	ppm	temperature	temp.
parts per million by volume	ppmv	ton	ton
parts per million by weight	ppmw	tonne	t
percent(age)	%	ultra-low volume	ULV
pico (micromicro: $\times 10^{-12}$)	p or pp	ultra violet	u.v.
pint	pint	vapour density	v.d.
pints per acre	pints/ac	vapour pressure	v.p.
plus or minus*	+ -	<u>varietas</u>	var.
post-emergence	post-em	volt	V
pound	lb	volume	vol.
pound per acre*	lb/ac	volume per volume	v/v
pounds per minute	lb/min	water soluble powder	w.s.p. (tables only)
pound per square inch*	lb/in ²	watt	W
powder for dry application	P. (tables only)	weight	wt
power take off	p.t.o.	weight per volume*	w/v
precipitate (noun)	ppt.	weight per weight*	w/w
		wettable powder	w.p.
		yard	yd
		yards per minute	yd/min

* Those marked * should normally be used in the text as well as in tables etc.



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