

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
GRNDNUT (64)	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	M		105	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	M		64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	150	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	131	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	112	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
COTTON (66)	104	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	58	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	115	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
JUTE (67)	0		0		0	
	0		0		0	
KENAF (68)	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SESAMUM (70)	47	XXXXXXXXXX	37	XXXXXXXXXX	28	XXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX
TOMATO (71)	72	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	44	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	22	XXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXXXXX
OR PUNCT (73)	119	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX	21	XXXX
BLEU IND (74)	3	x	0		0	
	14	xxx	0		0	
ECH CRUS (75)	68	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0		0	
	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0		0	
ROTT EXA (76)	63	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0		32	XXXXXX
	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0		21	XXXX
DIG SANG (77)	0		0		0	
	0		0		0	

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
AMAR RET (78)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
CYP ESCU (85)	94 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	103 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	112 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	90 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	75 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

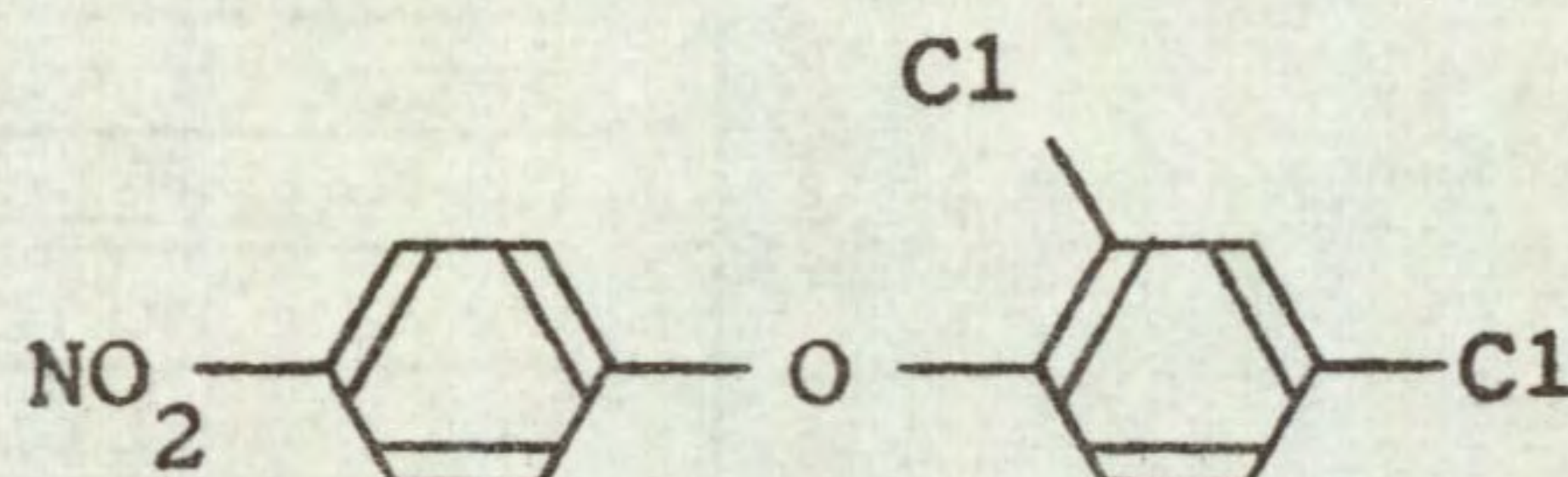
PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

NITROFEN

Code number FW 925 Trade name TokE 25
NIP

Chemical name 2,4-dichlorophenyl-4-nitrophenyl ether

Structure



Source Rohm and Haas (UK) Ltd
Lennig House
2 Masons Avenue
Croydon
Surrey

Information available and suggested uses

Nitrofen was introduced around 1964 and is recommended for pre-emergence control of certain annual grass and broad-leaved weeds. As uptake is primarily through the emerging shoot it requires application as a layer to the soil surface. Incorporation greatly reduces activity. In the UK it is approved for use pre-emergence in many brassica crops. Temperate cereals are tolerant and it has been approved for control of blackgrass (*A. myosuroides*) in winter sown wheat. Nitrofen has also been used in transplanted rice.

Formulation used 24.0 w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume for selectivity experiment 413 l/ha (36.8 gal/ac)

RESULTS

Full histogram results are given on pages 34-38 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following table.

RATE (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
6.00	dwarf bean pea kale swede carrot radish chickpea soyabean	<u>Galium aparine</u> <u>Allium vineale</u> + species below

(Table continued overleaf)

RATE (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
2.00	species above + field bean rape kenaf	<u>Avena fatua</u> <u>Senecio vulgaris</u> <u>Convolvulus arvensis</u> <u>Oryza punctata</u> <u>Rottboellia exaltata</u> + species below
0.67	species above + wheat lettuce sugar beet maize cotton	<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> <u>Poa annua</u> <u>Poa trivialis</u> <u>Polygonum lapathifolium</u> <u>Polygonum aviculare</u> <u>Rumex obtusifolius</u> <u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>

Comments on results

Nitrofen was included in this experiment for comparison with the closely related chlornitrofen. No activity experiment data are available on the type and route of action of nitrofen.

Symptoms

These were typical for nitrophenyl ether herbicides. The foliar spray caused contact scorch of treated leaves while pre-emergence applications caused severe inhibition of both grasses and broad-leaved species.

Soil persistence

This test confirmed that nitrofen can exist for a considerable period of time in the soil after application as a surface spray. Using Poa trivialis as the sensitive test species, 2.0 kg/ha was causing a 93% reduction of plant fresh weight, 32 weeks after treatment, but was undetectable at 45 weeks. Plants were still being killed 45 weeks after application of 6.0 kg/ha.

Selectivity among temperate species

All annual grass weeds were controlled or severely reduced by 0.67 kg/ha. Certain annual broad-leaved weeds were controlled, with the Polygonaceae being particularly sensitive. Stellaria media and the Cruciferae were resistant. The perennials Agropyron repens, Cirsium arvense and Tussilago farfara were resistant. Convolvulus arvensis was eventually completely killed at 6.0 kg/ha while at 2.0 kg/ha, emergence of most plants was very late. There was a high mortality of Allium vineale (68 and 95% with 2.0 and 6.0 kg/ha respectively).

Carrot and the brassicas all showed good tolerance of nitrofen, although rape suffered a moderate reduction in plant number and vigour

at the highest dose. Pea germination and development was variable at 2.0 kg/ha but some degree of tolerance was apparent. Dwarf bean germination was somewhat reduced by 6.0 kg/ha of nitrofen but survivors were healthy. Wheat was the only cereal to show any tolerance, its vigour being reduced by only 21% at 2.0 kg/ha.

This test confirms the potential of nitrofen for controlling mainly annual grass and certain broad-leaved weeds in a variety of broad-leaved crops and wheat, including the control of A. mysoruoides in the latter. No clear advantages over herbicides currently used in these crops are apparent. The sensitivity of the perennial, Allium vineale, has perhaps not been appreciated hitherto and some further investigation of this may be worthwhile.

Selectivity among tropical species

Good control of all annual weeds was achieved at 2.0 kg/ha or below. The perennial Cyperus spp. recovered from minor symptoms at 6.0 kg/ha.

The legumes, chickpea and soyabean were particularly tolerant; groundnut showed only marginal resistance at 0.67 kg/ha but was not reduced much more at 6.0 kg/ha. Cotton, although only completely tolerant at 0.67 kg/ha, was not severely affected at higher doses. The tolerance of kenaf parallels that found previously with this species (Dean and Parker, 1971) when Oxalis latifolia was also well controlled.

SPECIES	NITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		NITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		NITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
WHEAT (1)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	87	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
BARLEY (2)	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	14	xxx
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX	7	x
OAT (3)	104	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	85	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	78	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
PER RYGR (4)	30	XXXXXXX	7	x	0	
	36	XXXXXXX	7	x	0	
ONION (8)	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	15	xxx	0	
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	7	x	0	
DWF BEAN (9)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	67	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
FLD BEAN (10)	126	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PEA (11)	120	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	60	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	120	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
W CLOVER (12)	53	XXXXXXXXXXXX	5	x	5	x
	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXX
RAPE (14)	101	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	92	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	66	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE (15)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SWEDE (17)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	96	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	NITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		NITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		NITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
CARROT (18)	79 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	102 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	91 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
LETTUCE (20)	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	78 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	74 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
SUG BEET (21)	89 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	73 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	73 50	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU (26)	87 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	23 21	XXXXX XXXX	0 0	
ALO MYOS (27)	64 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	0 0		0 0	
POA ANN (28)	3 7	x x	0 0		0 0	
POA TRIV (29)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
SIN ARV (30)	78 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57 86	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	46 79	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RAPH RAP (31)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	105 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	105 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR (33)	76 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	43 43	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	33 50	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG (34)	103 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21 43	XXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0	
POL LAPA (35)	29 71	XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0		0 0	

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	NITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		NITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		NITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
POL AVIC (36)	3 21	x xxxx	0 0	0 0	0 0	
GAL APAR (38)	102 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	70 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	9 21	xx xxxx
STEL MED (40)	90 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	94 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	88 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RUM OBTU (44)	29 29	xxxxxx xxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
AG REPEN (47)	97 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	88 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	106 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ALL VIN (49)	63 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	32 43	xxxxxx xxxxxxxx	5 21	x xxxx
CIRS ARV (50)	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	83 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50 93	xxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
TUS FARF (51)	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	87 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CONV ARV (52)	53 64	xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx	20 36	xxxx xxxxxx	0 0	
MAIZE (58)	106 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	97 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	97 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
RICE (60)	88 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	95 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	102 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CHICKPEA (63)	143 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	129 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	NITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		NITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		NITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
GRNDNUT (64)	105 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	75 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	120 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOYABEAN (65)	112 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	75 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	169 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COTTON (66)	81 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	58 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	92 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
JUTE (67)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
KENAF (68)	95 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	123 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	34 64	xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM (70)	28 21	xxxxxx xxxx	0 0		0 0	
TOMATO (71)	67 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	6 21	x xxxx	17 21	xxx xxxx
OR PUNCT (73)	144 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxx	87 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxx	125 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxx
ELEU IND (74)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	11 14	xx xxx	0 0		0 0	
ROTT EXA (76)	79 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	32 29	xxxxxx xxxxxx	0 0	
DIG SANG (77)	0 0		0 0		0 0	

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	NITROFEN 0.67 KG/HA		NITROFEN 2.00 KG/HA		NITROFEN 6.00 KG/HA	
	AMAR RET (78)	0		0		0
CYP ESCU (85)	94	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	112	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	103	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	142	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

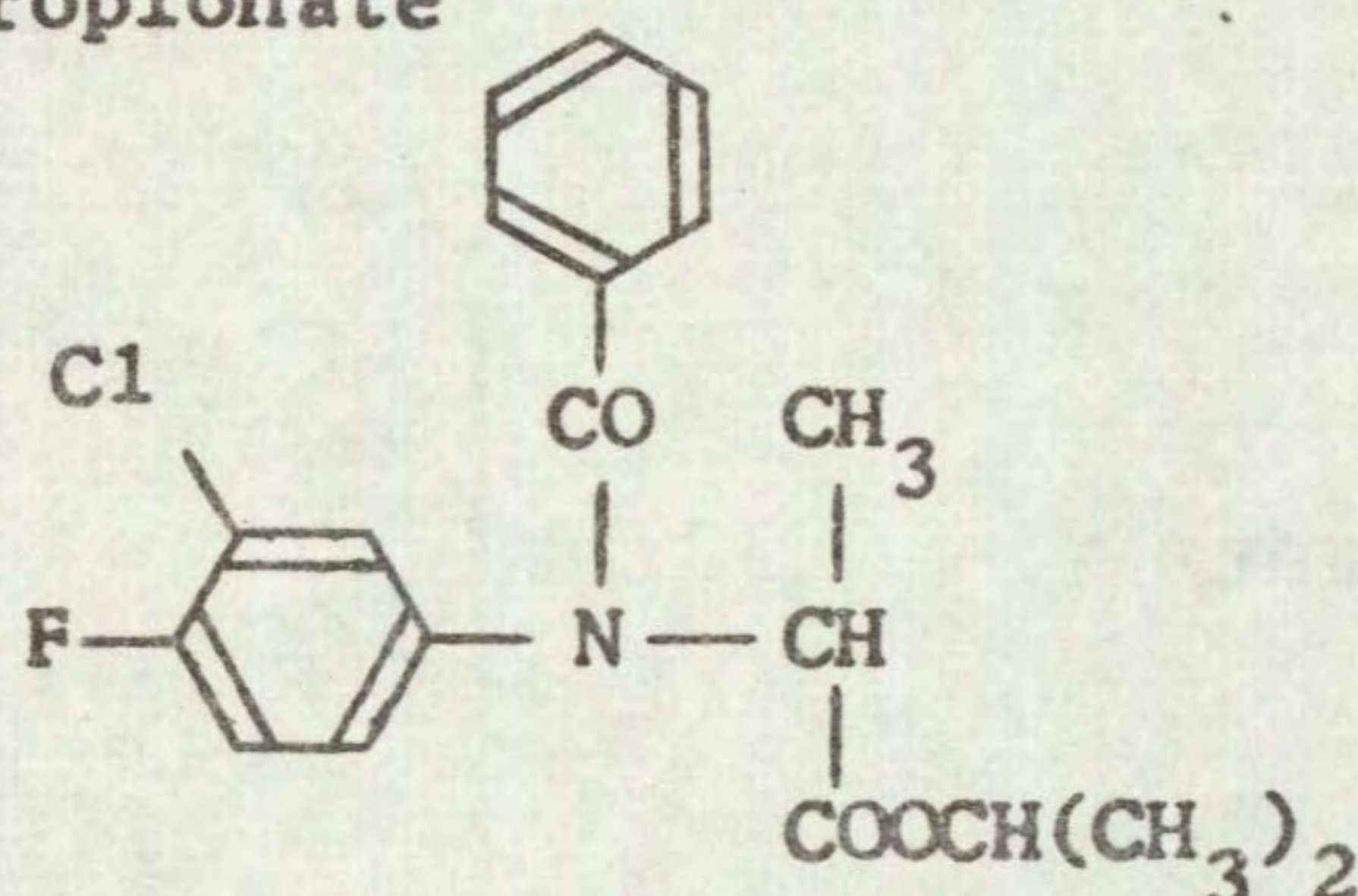
PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

FLAMPROP-ISOPROPYL

Code number WL 29762 Trade name Barnon

Chemical name Isopropyl (+)-2-(N-benzoyl-3-chloro-4-fluoroanilino) propionate

Structure



Source Woodstock Agricultural Research Centre
Shell Research Organization
Sittingbourne
Kent

Information available and suggested uses

Flamprop-isopropyl is recommended for the post-emergence control of wild oats (*Avena* spp.) in spring sown barley at 1.0 kg a.i./ha. The timing of spraying is important and should be between the end of tillering and appearance of the first node of the crop. Application is best in a volume of 250 to 600 l/ha but aerial applications in 25 to 50 l/ha have been successful. It can not be "tank mixed" with the commonly used broad-leaved weed killers, and these should not be applied within several days of spraying flamprop-isopropyl.

Formulation used 20% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume for activity experiment 305 l/ha (27.1 gal/ac)
for pre-emergence selectivity experiment 413 l/ha (36.8 gal/ac)

RESULTS

Full histogram results are given on pages 42-47 and potential selectivities are summarised in the following table.

RATE (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
8.00	barley perennial ryegrass dwarf bean field bean pea carrot lettuce maize chickpea groundnut soyabean cotton	<i>Avena fatua</i> <i>Oryza punctata</i> <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> + species below

(Table continued overleaf)

RATE (kg a.i./ha)	CROPS: vigour reduced by 15% or less	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by 70% or more
2.00	species above + wheat white clover rape kale swede sugar beet radish rice kenaf tomato	<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u> + species below
0.5	species above + oat onion	<u>Poa trivialis</u>

Comments on result

Activity experiment (see page 42)

In the activity experiment the only appreciable phytotoxicity occurred with pre-emergence surface sprays to Avena fatua, which was very surprising in view of the expected foliar activity on this species. Although scorch symptoms were seen initially with foliar sprays of 1.0 and 3.0 kg/ha, A. fatua made excellent recovery. This contrasted with foliar sprays of the related benzoylprop-ethyl which was included for comparison. Doses of 1.0 and 3.0 kg/ha of the latter caused severe inhibition. It is possible that the stage of growth at spraying (2-2½ leaves) was too early, but this was also the case for benzoylprop-ethyl. However the susceptibility of A. fatua to pre-emergence surface sprays of flamprop-isopropyl warranted further investigation.

Symptoms

The foliar spray at 3 kg/ha caused contact scorch on A. fatua and to a lesser extent on Agropyron repens, kale and dwarf bean. This was only temporary however, no inhibition of growth resulting and all affected plants recovered. Pre-emergence surface sprays caused a severe inhibition of the main shoot of A. fatua, the first leaf usually emerging from the coleoptile but eventually turning necrotic and dying. Leaves were usually darker green. No symptoms were seen on wheat or barley within the first 4 or 5 weeks after treatment but subsequently a slight inhibition occurred which was accompanied by a yellowing of the 4th and 5th leaves in wheat. This coincided with the production of the secondary roots, which were inhibited for a time, resulting in plants becoming weakly anchored in the soil and tending to fall over. All plants succeeded in producing panicles however. Some perennial ryegrass plants also had a weak root system but shoots were healthy. An inhibition of growth of certain broad-leaved species also occurred, sometimes accompanied by yellowing of leaves, notably in the brassica family.

Soil persistence

Residues were detectable in the soil for a considerable period of time, using Poa trivialis as the sensitive test species. 0.5 kg/ha had almost disappeared when the soil was assayed after 18 weeks. A dose of 2.0 kg/ha was undetectable after 28 weeks, but 8.0 kg/ha was still causing a fresh weight reduction of 92% after 45 weeks.

Selectivity among temperate species

In the pre-emergence selectivity experiment, all annual grasses were controlled except Poa annua which was much more resistant than Poa trivialis. Avena fatua was controlled at 8.0 kg/ha and reduced in vigour by 64% at 2.0 kg/ha. The perennials and annual broad-leaved species were resistant, although Agropyron repens exhibited severe inhibition for several weeks before recovering.

Barley was the most tolerant cereal, fresh weights of shoots being in excess of controls when harvested. At the same time wheat showed a slight reduction in fresh weight at the two higher doses. Oat showed a similar sensitivity to Avena fatua. Perennial ryegrass, large seeded legumes, carrot and lettuce were tolerant at the highest dose. Onion was only slightly reduced in vigour at 2.0 kg/ha.

Although several other pot tests have confirmed that A. fatua and certain other annual grass weeds, including A. ludoviciana and A. myosuroides, can be controlled by pre-emergence application in certain varieties of wheat, barley and S. 23 perennial ryegrass, field tests have not been encouraging. A subsequent pot test also demonstrated that pre-emergence activity was less in the open than under glass. Also, as the dose required for post-emergence control of A. fatua is reputed to be lower than for pre-emergence control, development of this herbicide for the latter use is probably not economical.

Selectivity among tropical species

Only Oryza punctata and Amaranthus retroflexus were controlled at 8.0 kg/ha. The other annual tropical grass weeds were particularly resistant. Cyperus spp. recovered from very minor symptoms. No obvious uses are apparent in tropical crops.

ACTIVITY EXPERIMENT

FLAMPROP-ISOPROPYL

		0.33 kg/ha	1.00 kg/ha	3.00 kg/ha
DWARF BEAN	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>POLYGONUM AMPHIBIUM</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AVENA FATUA</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	X XXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXX XXXXXX
<u>AGROPYRON REPENS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application
 S = post-emergence, soil drench
 P = pre-emergence, surface film
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

SPECIES	FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 0.50 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 2.00 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 8.00 KG/HA	
WHEAT (1)	107	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	107	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
BARLEY (2)	109	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	109	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	109	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
OAT (3)	98	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	98	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	98	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PER RYGR (4)	107	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	104	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
ONION (8)	120	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
DWF BEAN (9)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
FLD BEAN (10)	126	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	111	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	126	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PEA (11)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	120	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
W CLOVER (12)	96	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	96	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RAPE (14)	85	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	98	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE (15)	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	105	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	84	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SWEDE (17)	111	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	85	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 0.50 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 2.00 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 8.00 KG/HA	
	CARROT (18)	85 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	113 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	125 100
LETTUCE (20)	91 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SUG BEET (21)	76 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	76 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU (26)	115 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	98 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	98 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
ALO MYOS (27)	77 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	51 14	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXX	51 14	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXX
POA ANN (28)	99 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	77 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	51 36	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
POA TRIV (29)	53 21	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX	12 14	XX XXX	0 0	
SIN ARV (30)	95 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	104 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	83 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
RAPH RAP (31)	95 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	111 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	74 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR (33)	102 93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	59 71	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	53 57	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG (34)	103 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	52 93	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	93 93	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
POL LAPA (35)	132 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	102 71	XXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXX	88 57	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 0.50 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 2.00 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 8.00 KG/HA	
POL AVIC (36)	104	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	110	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	91	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GAL APAR (38)	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	111	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
STEL MED (40)	98	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	107	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	96	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RUM OBTU (44)	102	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	161	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	102	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AG REPEN (47)	106	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	106	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	106	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXXX
ALL VIN (49)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	89	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	95	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CIRS ARV (50)	83	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	117	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	117	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TUS FARF (51)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CONV ARV (52)	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	40	XXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAIZE (58)	106	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	97	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	106	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RICE (60)	88	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	110	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	117	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHICKPEA (63)	129	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	114	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	114	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 0.50 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 2.00 KG/HA		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL 8.00 KG/HA	
GRNDNUT (64)	75 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	105 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	90 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx R xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx R
SOYABEAN (65)	112 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	56 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	112 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
COTTON (66)	46 93	xxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	69 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	104 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
JUTE (67)	137 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	112 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
KENAF (68)	82 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx R xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx R	102 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	68 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
SESAMUM (70)	37 71	xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	94 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	9 50	xx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOMATO (71)	111 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	94 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OR PUNCT (73)	125 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	131 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	112 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxx
ELEU IND (74)	89 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	102 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	72 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ECH CRUS (75)	106 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	95 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	95 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ROTT EXA (76)	95 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	126 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	32 100	xxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	60 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	86 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	69 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

SPECIES	FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL		FLAMPROP- ISOPROPYL	
		0.50 KG/HA		2.00 KG/HA		8.00 KG/HA
AMAR RET (78)	60	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	10	XX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX
CYP ESCU (85)	84	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	103	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	84	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	97	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	97	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

PRE-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY EXPERIMENT

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are most grateful to the Statistics Department, ARC Letcombe Laboratory for processing the experimental data; to Mrs. S. O'Keeffe, Miss A.M. Hitchcock, Mr. T.M. West and Messrs. R.H. Webster, R.M. Porteous and D.J. Cambray for technical and practical assistance; to Miss B.E. Watson for the preparation and typing of this report and to the various commercial firms for providing the chemicals and relevant technical data.

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Appendix 1. Species, abbreviations, cultivars and stage of growth at assessment

	Designation and computer serial number	Cultivar or source	No. per pot	Depth of planting (cm)	Stage of growth at assessment (untreated controls, leaf numbers exclusive of cotyledons)
<u>Temperate species</u>					
Wheat (<u>Triticum aestivum</u>)	WHEAT (1)	Kolibri	8	1.2	4 leaves
Barley (<u>Hordeum vulgare</u>)	BARLEY (2)	Sultan	8	1.2	4 leaves
Oat (<u>Avena sativa</u>)	OAT (3)	Condor	8	1.2	3½ leaves
Perennial ryegrass (<u>Lolium perenne</u>)	PER RYGR (4)	S 23	15	0.6	5 leaves, tillering
Onion (<u>Allium cepa</u>)	ONION (8)	Robusta	15	0.6	2 leaves
Dwarf bean ⁺ (<u>Phaseolus vulgaris</u>)	DWF BEAN (9)	The Prince	3	1.8	1-1½ trifoliolate leaves
Field bean (<u>Vicia faba</u>)	FLD BEAN (10)	Maris Bead	4	1.8	6½ leaves
Pea (<u>Pisum sativum</u>)	PEA (11)	Dark Skinned	4	1.2	6½ leaves
White clover (<u>Trifolium repens</u>)	W CLOVER (12)	S 100	15	0.6	1 trifoliolate leaf
Rape (<u>Brassica napus oleifera</u>)	RAPE (14)	Victor	15	0.6	2½ leaves
Kale (<u>Brassica oleracea acephala</u>)	KALE (15)	Marrowstem	15	0.6	2½ leaves
Swede (<u>Brassica napus</u>)	SWEDE (17)	Lord Derby	10	0.6	3-3½ leaves
Carrot (<u>Daucus carota</u>)	CARROT (18)	Chantenay Red Core	8	0.6	2 leaves

Appendix 1 (cont.)

	Designation and computer serial number	Cultivar or source	No. per pot	Depth of planting (cm)	Stage of growth at assessment (untreated controls, leaf numbers exclusive of cotyledons)
<u>Lettuce</u> (<u>Lactuca sativa</u>)	LETTUCE (20)	Borough Wonder	10	0.6	3½ leaves
<u>Sugar beet</u> (<u>Beta vulgaris</u>)	SUG BEET (21)	'Klein E'	20	0.6	2½ leaves
<u>Avena fatua</u>	AVE FATU (26)	Hensington 1969	10	1.2	3 leaves
<u>Alopecurus myosuroides</u>	ALO MYOS (27)	Rothamsted 1968	30	0.6	5 leaves, tillering
<u>Poa annua</u>	POA ANN (28)	WRO 1966	30	0.6	3 leaves
<u>Poa trivialis</u>	POA TRIV (29)	Watts 1972	30	0.6	3 leaves
<u>Sinapis arvensis</u>	SIN ARV (30)	WRO 1966	50	0.6	3½ leaves
<u>Raphanus raphanistrum</u>	RAPH RAP (31)	French Breakfast	12	0.6	3-3½ leaves
<u>Tripleurospermum maritimum</u>	TRIP MAR (33)	WRO 1968	30	Surface	8½ leaves
<u>Senecio vulgaris</u>	SEN VULG (34)	WRO 1970	30	0.6	3½ leaves
<u>Polygonum lapathifolium</u>	POL LAPA (35)	WRO 1970	15	0.6	2½ leaves
<u>Polygonum aviculare</u>	POL AVIC (36)	WRO 1972	25	0.6	3½ leaves
<u>Galium aparine</u>	GAL APAR (38)	WRO 1970	25	0.6	4½ whorls
<u>Chenopodium album</u>	CHEN ALB (39)	WRO 1972	25	0.6	2½ leaves
<u>Stellaria media</u>	STEL MED (40)	Band S supplies, 1972	30	0.6	11 leaves

Appendix 1 (cont.)

	Designation and computer serial number	Cultivar or source	No. per pot	Depth of planting (cm)	Stage of growth at assessment (untreated controls, leaf numbers exclusive of cotyledons)
<u>Solanum nigrum</u> ⁺	SOL NIG (43)	Band S supplies, 1973	20	0.3	nil germination
<u>Rumex obtusifolius</u>	RUM OBTU (44)	Shipton 1968	15	0.3	2 leaves
<u>Agropyron repens</u>	AG REPEN (47)	WRO Clone 31	6 ^f	1.2	3½ leaves
<u>Allium vineale</u>	ALL VIN (49)	WRO 1972	10*	0.6	3 leaves
<u>Cirsium arvense</u>	CIRS ARV (50)	WRO Clone 1	4 ^{ff}	1.2	4½ leaves
<u>Tussilago farfara</u>	TUS FARF (51)	WRO Clone 1	4 ^f	1.2	4½ leaves
<u>Convolvulus arvensis</u>	CONV ARV (52)	WRO Clone 1	5 ^{ff}	1.2	-
<u>Tropical species (grown under higher temperature regime)</u>					
<u>Maize (Zea mays)</u>	MAIZE (58)	Caldera	6	1.8	3½-4 leaves
<u>Sorghum (Sorghum vulgare)</u>	SORGHUM (59)	Fetereita	8	1.2	3½-4½ leaves
<u>Rice (Oryza sativa)</u>	RICE (60)	I R 5	10	0.6	1-4 leaves
<u>Cowpea (Vigna unguiculata)</u>	COWPEA (62)	Nigeria 1972	5	1.2	nil germination
<u>Chickpea (Cicer arietinum)</u>	CHICKPEA (63)	Ethiopia 1970	6	1.2	7½-10 pinnate leaves
<u>Groundnut (Arachis hypogaea)</u>	GRNDNUT (64)	Natal Common	4	1.8	4 trifoliate leaves
<u>Soyabean (Glycine max)</u>	SOYABEAN (65)	Wayne	6	1.2	1½-2 trifoliate leaves
<u>Cotton (Gossypium hirsutum)</u>	COTTON (66)	Samaru 26J	5	1.8	1½-2 leaves

Appendix 1 (cont.)

	Designation and computer serial number	Cultivar or source	No. per pot	Depth of planting (cm)	Stage of growth at assessment (untreated controls, leaf numbers exclusive of cotyledons)
<u>Jute</u> (<u>Corchorus olitorius</u>)	JUTE (67)	Egypt 1971	15	0.6	2½-3 leaves
<u>Kenaf</u> (<u>Hibiscus cannabinus</u>)	KENAF (68)	Thai Native	10	0.6	½-1½ leaves
<u>Sesamum</u> (<u>Sesamum indicum</u>)	SESAMUM (70)	Addis Ababa 1971	10	0.6	0-3 leaves
<u>Tomato</u> (<u>Lycopersicum esculentum</u>)	TOMATO (71)	Ailsa Craig	10	0.6	3-3½ leaves
<u>Oryza punctata</u>	OR PUNCT (73)	Swaziland 1967	30	0.6	1-2 leaves
<u>Eleusine indica</u>	ELEU IND (74)	WRO 1968	15	0.6	3-4 leaves
<u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>	ECH CRUS (75)	WRO 1969	15	0.6	3-5 leaves
<u>Rottboellia exaltata</u>	ROTT EXA (76)	Rhodesia 1971	15	1.2	3½-5 leaves
<u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u>	DIG SANG (77)	WRO 1965	15	0.2	3-4 leaves
<u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>	AMAR RET (78)	WRO 1969	20	0.3	1½-5 leaves
<u>Cyperus esculentus</u>	CYP ESCU (85)	WRO Clone 2 (ex South Africa)	6**	1.8	4½-7 leaves/shoot
<u>Cyperus rotundus</u>	CYP ROTU (86)	WRO Clone 1 (Rhodesia)	5**	1.8	3-10½ leaves/shoot
<u>Oxalis latifolia</u>	OXAL LAT (87)	WRO Clone 2 (Cornwall)	25 bulbs	1.2	nil germination

/ one node rhizome fragments

// 4 cm root fragments

+ temperate species raised under higher temperature

* aerial bulbils

** tubers

ABBREVIATIONS

ångström	Å	freezing point	f.p.
Abstract	Abs.	from summary	F.s.
acid equivalent*	a.e.	gallon	gal
acre	ac	gallons per hour	gal/h
active ingredient*	a.i.	gallons per acre	gal/ac
approximately equal to*	≈	gas liquid chromatography	GLC
aqueous concentrate	a.c.	gramme	g
bibliography	bibl.	hectare	ha
boiling point	b.p.	hectokilogram	hkg
bushel	bu	high volume	HV
centigrade	C	horse power	hp
centimetre*	cm	hour	h
concentrated	concd	hundredweight*	cwt
concentration	concn	hydrogen ion concentration*	pH
concentration × time product	ct	inch	in.
concentration required to kill 50% test animals	LC50	infra red	i.r.
cubic centimetre*	cm ³	kilogramme	kg
cubic foot*	ft ³	kilo (×10 ³)	k
cubic inch*	in ³	less than	<
cubic metre*	m ³	litre	l.
cubic yard*	yd ³	low volume	LV
cultivar(s)	cv.	maximum	max.
curie*	Ci	median lethal dose	LD50
degree Celsius*	°C	medium volume	MV
degree centigrade*	°C	melting point	m.p.
degree Fahrenheit*	°F	metre	m
diameter	diam.	micro (×10 ⁻⁶)	μ
diameter at breast height	d.b.h.	microgramme*	μg
divided by*	÷ or /	micromicro (pico: ×10 ⁻¹²)*	μμ
dry matter	d.m.	micrometre (micron)*	μm (or μ)
emulsifiable concentrate	e.c.	micron (micrometre)* ^x	μm (or μ)
equal to*	=	miles per hour*	mile/h
fluid	fl.	milli (×10 ⁻³)	m
foot	ft	milliequivalent*	m.equiv.
		milligramme*	mg
		millilitre	ml

* The name micrometre is preferred to micron and μm is preferred to μ.

millimetre*	mm	relative humidity	r.h.
millimicro* (nano: $\times 10^{-9}$)	n or μ	revolution per minute*	rev/min
mini mm	min.	second	s
minus	-	soluble concentrate	s.c.
minute	min	soluble powder	s.p.
molar concentration*	M (small cap)	solution	soln
molecule, molecular	mol.	species (singular)	sp.
more than	>	species (plural)	spp.
multiplied by*	\times	specific gravity	sp. gr.
normal concentration*	N (small cap)	square foot*	ft ²
not dated	n.d.	square inch*	in ²
oil miscible concentrate	O.M.C. (tables only)	square metre*	m ²
organic matter	O.M.	square root of*	$\sqrt{\quad}$
ounce	oz	sub-species*	ssp.
ounces per gallon	oz/gal	summary	s.
page	p.	temperature	temp.
pages	pp.	ton	ton
parts per million*	ppm	tonne	t
parts per million by volume*	ppmv	ultra-low volume	ULV
parts per million by weight*	ppmw	ultra violet	u.v.
percent(age)*	%	vapour density	v.d.
pico (micromicro: $\times 10^{-12}$)	p or μ	vapour pressure	v.p.
pint	pint	<u>varietas</u>	var.
pints per acre	pints/ac	volt	V
plus or minus*	\pm	volume	vol.
post-emergence	post-em.	volume per volume	v/v
pound	lb	water soluble powder	w.s.p. (tables only)
pound per acre*	lb/ac	watt	W
pounds per minute	lb/min	weight	wt
pound per square inch*	lb/in ²	weight per volume*	w/v
powder for dry application	P. (tables only)	weight per weight*	w/w
power take off	p.t.o.	wettable powder	w.p.
precipitate (noun)	ppt.	yard	yd
pre-emergence	pre-em.	yards per minute	yd/min
quart	quart		

* Those marked * should normally be used in the text as well as in tables, etc.

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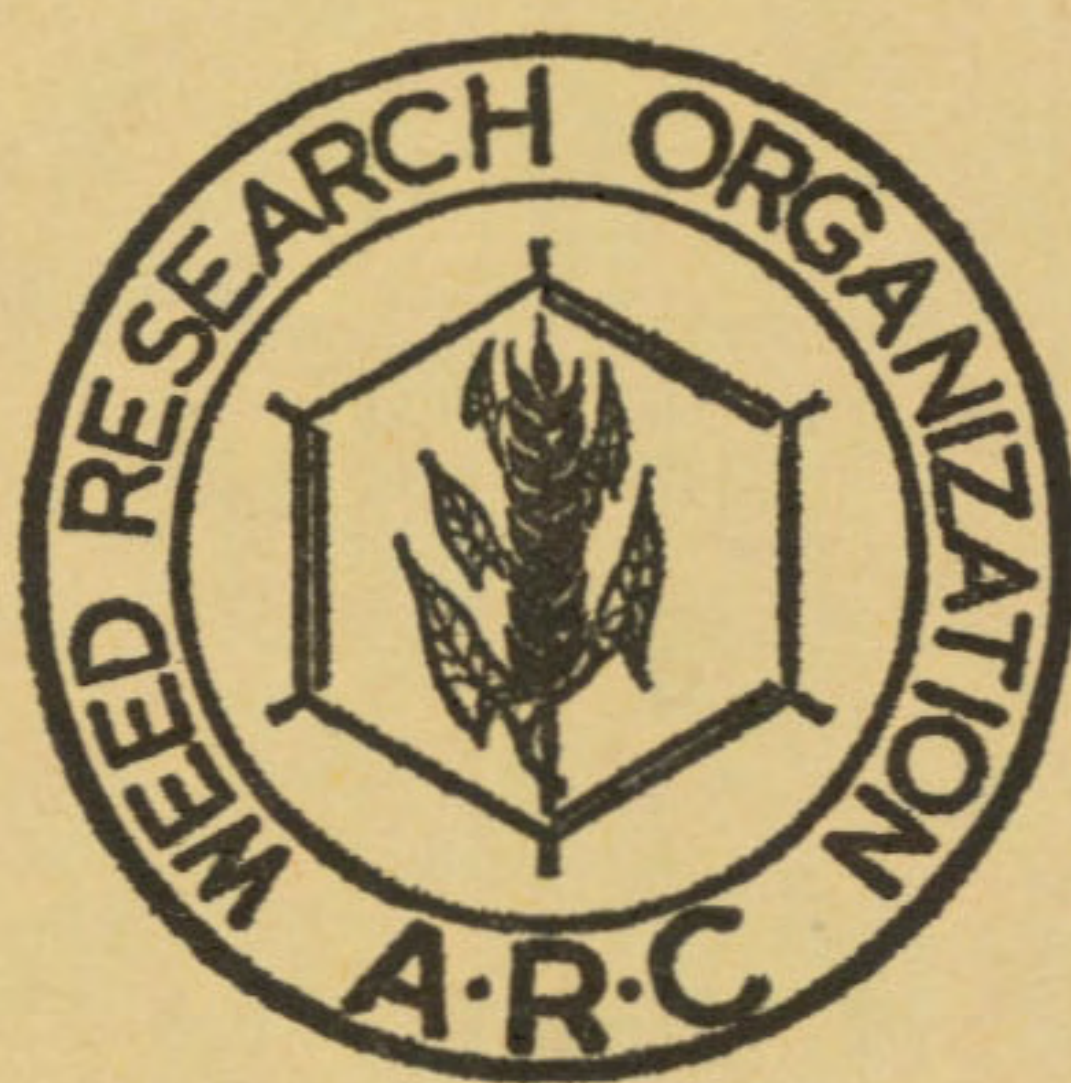
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34. The activity and pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: trifluralin, isopropalin, oryzalin, dinitramine, bifenox and perfluidone. November 1974. W G Richardson and M L Dean. Price - £2.50

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39. The activity and post-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: HOE 22870, HOE 23408, flamprop-methyl, met amitron and cyperquat. May 1976. W G Richardson and C Parker. Price - £3.20
40. The activity and pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: RP 20810, oxadiazon, chlornitrofen, nitrofen, flamprop-isopropyl. August 1976. W G Richardson, M L Dean and C Parker. Price - £2.75.

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