

[←Click here for previous](#)

EMD-IT 6412 is confidential (E Merck or CelaMerck), MC 4379 is bifenox

SPECIES	METRIBUZIN 0.07 KG/HA		METRIBUZIN 0.29 KG/HA		METRIBUZIN 1.15 KG/HA	
COTTON (66)	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	75 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
JUTE (67)	0 0		8 7	xx x	0 0	
KENAF (68)	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	75 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	75 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
TOBACCO (69)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
SESAMUM (70)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ELEU IND (74)	38 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	44 43	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
ROT EXAI (76)	100 100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
PORT OLE (79)	8 7	xx x	0 0		8 7	xx x

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES		METRIBUZIN 0.7 KG/HA	METRIBUZIN 0.29 KG/HA	METRIBUZIN 1.15 KG/HA
CYN DACT (82)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29 XXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21 XXXX
CYP ESCU (85)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	109 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	82 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43 XXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	81	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	62 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
OXAL LAT (87)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36 XXXXXXXX	21 XXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

CHLORNITROFEN
(proposed common name)

Code number: MO 338 Trade name: MO
Chemical name: 2,4,6-trichlorophenyl-4-nitrophenyl ether
Source: Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals Inc
 2-5 Kasumigaseki 3-Chome
 Chiyada-ku
 Tokyo
 Japan

Information available and suggested uses:

Manufacturer's literature received in 1972 details use at 2.0 to 3.0 kg/ha as a pre-emergence treatment in upland and paddy rice for control of the majority of grass and broad-leaved weed species. Use following seeding of burdock and carrot at 2.5 to 3.0 kg/ha or Japanese radish at 2.0 to 2.5 kg/ha is also suggested. Cabbage and Chinese cabbage can be treated at 2.5 to 3.0 kg/ha immediately following transplanting.

Formulation used: 20% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume: for selectivity experiment 396 l/ha (35.2 gal/ac)
 for initial activity test 398 l/ha (35.4 gal/ac)

RESULTS

TABLE OF SELECTIVITIES

RATE kg ai/ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by more than 70%
9.20	carrot	<u>Avena fatua</u> <u>Poa annua</u> <u>Senecio vulgaris</u> <u>Agrostis stolonifera</u> <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u> <u>Rottboellia exaltata</u> <u>Cynodon dactylon</u> + species below
2.30	species above only	<u>Poa trivialis</u> <u>Chenopodium album</u> <u>Stellaria media</u> <u>Eleusine indica</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Oxalis latifolia</u> + species below
0.58	species above + perennial ryegrass cabbage parsnip maize sorghum rice soyabean	<u>Polygonum lapathifolium</u> <u>Rumex crispus</u> <u>Galium aparine</u> <u>Spergula arvensis</u> <u>Veronica persica</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u> <u>Portulaca oleracea</u>

Comments on results

General

Initial Activity Test results showed a high level of foliar scorch from which plants often recovered suggesting little or no translocated effect. Pre-emergence applications were more effective than post-emergence treatments on perennial ryegrass and a surface film was more active than incorporation. These results suggested uptake through the emerging shoot.

Carrot proved outstandingly tolerant in the post-emergence experiment. A large number of grass and broad-leaved weeds were controlled at rates from 0.58 to 9.20 kg/ha. At the latter rate some of the more difficult weeds, such as Avena fatua and Rottboellia exaltata were controlled as well as some perennial species.

Symptoms

Moderate to severe scorch was apparent on the majority of species 24 hours after treatment. Symptoms were especially noted on younger foliage and grass species. Stunting and leaf capture developed at later stages and where death occurred the foliage was first lost. These symptoms are typical of other nitrophenyl ether herbicides e.g. nitrofen and fluorodifen.

Temperate weeds and crops

Five broad-leaved weeds were controlled at 0.58 kg/ha, the most notable being Galium aparine and Veronica persica. Rumex crispus and Polygonum lapathifolium were also controlled at this dose but Polygonum aviculare was resistant at all rates. Several other weeds were controlled at higher doses including Avena fatua and the perennial Agrostis stolonifera. Tripleurospermum maritimum, Raphanus raphanistrum and Agropyron repens were resistant.

Carrot showed outstanding tolerance, being unaffected at 9.20 kg/ha. Perennial ryegrass, parsnip and cabbage were tolerant at 0.58 kg/ha. Several weeds important in carrot were selectively controlled, including some which have proved a problem in recent years such as Galium aparine, Poa annua and Avena fatua.

Tropical weeds and crops

A range of tropical broad-leaved and grass weed species were controlled by this compound. Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were most susceptible being completely killed at 0.58 kg/ha. Eleusine indica and Digitaria sanguinalis recovered from this dose but were controlled at 2.30 kg/ha. Echinochloa crus-galli and Rottboellia exaltata proved the most resistant of the annual weeds requiring 9.20 kg/ha for control. Oxalis latifolia was susceptible at 2.30 kg/ha and little change was evident in plant state one month later. This result compares with that obtained previously with the related nitrofen (Dean and Parker, 1971). Cynodon dactylon was severely affected at 9.20 kg/ha and 6 weeks after treatment one replicate was dead, but plants in the remaining pot recovered after a further month. Neither of the Cyperus spp. were severely affected.

Tropical crop species were only found to be tolerant at 0.58 kg/ha. The three cereal crops, maize, sorghum and rice were resistant at this dose. Soyabean was the only tolerant broad-leaved crop. All tolerant crops showed some herbicide symptoms initially and levels of resistance were not outstanding. Broad-leaved crops, especially the smaller seeded ones, were particularly susceptible.

Only Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were selectively controlled in maize, sorghum, rice and soyabean.

Possible uses and further testing

The selective control of several important weeds in carrot found in this experiment is worth further investigation. Although several weeds were controlled in this crop, which have proved resistant to other treatments, disadvantages may well be encountered where such species as Tripleurospermum maritimum, Polygonum aviculare or cruciferous spp. are a problem. From the present results this compound offers no advantage in tropical crops as a post-emergence treatment, though its action on Oxalis latifolia might prove to be of some interest.

INITIAL ACTIVITY TEST

CHLORNITROFEN

		0.43 kg/ha (S 0.38 kg/ha)	1.73 kg/ha (S 1.50 kg/ha)	6.90 kg/ha (S 6.00 kg/ha)
DWARF BEAN	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>POLYGONUM AMPHIBIUM</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	X X	O O
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AVENA FATUA</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AGROPYRON REPENS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application
 S = post-emergence, soil drench
 P = pre-emergence, surface film
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.58 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 9.20 KG/HA	
WHEAT (1)	100 79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	70 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
BARLEY (2)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	90 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
OAT (3)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	30 14	XXXXXX XXX
PER RYGR (4)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	56 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
ONION (8)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
DWF BEAN (9)	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX
FLD BEAN (10)	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
PEA (11)	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
W CLOVER (12)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE (15)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	70 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
CABBAGE (16)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
SWEDE (17)	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
CARROT (18)	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.58 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 9.20 KG/HA	
PARSNIP (19)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
LETTUCE (20)	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	83 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	92 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
SUG BEET (21)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU (26)	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	25 36	XXXXXX XXXXXX
ALO MYOS (27)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	75 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX
POA ANN (28)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	44 43	XXXXXX XXXXXX	0 0	
POA TRIV (29)	69 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	13 29	XXX XXXXXX	0 0	
SIN ARV (30)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	50 43	XXXXXX XXXXXX
RAPH RAP (31)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR (33)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG (34)	75 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	63 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	0 0	
POL LAPA (35)	20 21	XXXX XXXX	0 0		0 0	
POL AVIC (36)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	88 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXX	38 50	XXXXXX XXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.58 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 9.20 KG/HA	
RUM CRIS (37)	0		0		0	
	0		0		0	
GAL APAR (38)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	63	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	75	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	29	xxxxxxx	21	xxxxx	14	xxx
CHEN ALB (39)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	80	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	30	xxxxxxx
	36	xxxxxxx	14	xxx	14	xxx
STEL MED (40)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	25	xxxxxx	17	xxx
	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	29	xxxxxxx	7	x
SPER ARV (41)	8	xx	0		0	
	14	xxx	0		0	
VER PERS (42)	0		0		0	
	0		0		0	
AG REPEN (47)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
AG STOLO (48)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	17	xxx
	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	57	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	21	xxxxx
MAIZE (58)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	25	xxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	7	x
SORGHUM (59)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	17	xxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	21	xxxxx
RICE (60)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
GRNDNUT (64)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx
SOYABEAN (65)	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	64	xxxxxxxxxxxxx	50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.58 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 9.20 KG/HA	
COTTON (66)	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
JUTE (67)	58 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	33 14	xxxxxxx xxx	25 14	xxxxx xxx
KENAF (68)	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	75 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	63 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
TOBACCO (69)	10 7	xx x	0 0		0 0	
SESAMUM (70)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ELEU IND (74)	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	63 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	
ECH CRUS (75)	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	67 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	0 0	
ROT EXAL (76)	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	13 14	xxx xxx
DIG SANG (77)	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	42 21	xxxxxxx xxxxx	0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	60 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	10 7	xx x	0 0	
PORT OLE (79)	17 7	xxx x	25 14	xxxxx xxx	8 7	xx x

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORNITROFEN 0.58 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORNITROFEN 9.20 KG/HA	
CYN DACT (82)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX
CYP ESCU (85)	91	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	91	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	76	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	76	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
OXAL LAT (87)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX	7	x

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

GLYPHOSATE

Code number: MON 0573 Trade name: Roundup
Chemical name: N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine
Source: Monsanto Chemical Company
Monsanto House
10-18 Victoria Street
London SW1 HON2

Information available and suggested uses:

Manufacturer's literature from 1971 and the publications of Baird et al (1971) and Baird and Begemann (1972) report control of annual and perennial weed species in woody perennial crops and control of perennial weeds prior to or following culture of annual crops. 1.7-2.2 kg/ha is suggested with up to 3.4-4.5 kg/ha for more resistant species.

Use in minimal cultivation, total weed control and other similar situations is also suggested as there is no soil activity.

Formulation used: 60% w/v a.i. water soluble concentrate (MON 0468) used in conjunction with surfactant MON 0011 at a final concentration of 1% v/v.

Spray volume: for selectivity experiment 396 l/ha (35.2 gal/ac)
for initial activity test 398 l/ha (35.4 gal/ac)

RESULTS

TABLE OF SELECTIVITIES

RATE kg ai/ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by more than 70%
1.15 and 0.29	None	None listed as no crops tolerant
0.07	field bean carrot cotton kenaf	<u>Poa annua</u> <u>Senecio vulgaris</u> <u>Spergula arvensis</u> <u>Rottboellia exaltata</u> <u>Digitaria sanguinalis</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u>

Comments on results

General

Initial Activity Test results showed a high level of foliar activity while soil treatments were without effect. Foliar symptoms were slow to develop but the effects produced suggested a very high level of translocation. Agropyron repens and dwarf bean were particularly susceptible.

Post-emergence selectivity test results also revealed a high level of foliar activity in both broad-leaved and grass species. Annual and perennial species were equally susceptible but crop tolerance was very limited.

Symptoms

Symptoms were slow to develop depending on dose and species response. Susceptible foliage became chlorotic before death. Where doses were sub-optimal profuse axillary sprouting frequently occurred although the shoots tended to be chlorotic and stunted. Stunting was frequent at sub-optimal doses and a high degree of translocation was apparent in perennial species. Slight scorch was evident on leaves present at spraying but this was due to the surfactant used. Some pink colouration of the foliage was also apparent in the grasses. Later germinating plants showed no symptoms and there was no outstanding dose response.

Temperate weeds and crops

Although Poa annua, Senecio vulgaris and Spergula arvensis were the only weeds controlled at 0.07 kg/ha all species, except Galium aparine, were either controlled or reduced by at least 50% at 0.29 kg/ha. The perennial grasses Agropyron repens and Agrostis stolonifera were susceptible at 0.29 kg/ha and severely reduced at 0.07 kg/ha initially. Six weeks after treatment both species were recovering from this lower dose but were still severely affected or dying at 0.29 kg/ha. Both foliage and rhizomes were dead at 1.15 kg/ha. Galium aparine was controlled at 1.15 kg/ha, at this later assessment, while treatments at 0.29 kg/ha were recovering, as a result of axillary bud proliferation. [In a further experiment well established Agrostis gigantea was controlled at 0.75-1.50 kg/ha but higher rates (1.5-3.0 kg/ha) were necessary for control of Agropyron repens and Agrostis stolonifera. Broad-leaved perennial species were susceptible at similar rates but Pteridium aquilinum and Rumex acetosella proved more resistant].

Field bean and carrot were the only temperate crop species to exhibit any degree of tolerance and then only at 0.07 kg/ha. Carrot however was only reduced by 36% at 0.29 kg/ha and Kasasian (1973) has reported tolerance of broad beans at 0.30 kg/ha.

Despite the fact that Poa annua, Senecio vulgaris and Spergula arvensis were controlled in field bean and carrot, margins of selectivity were low.

Tropical weeds and crops

With the exception of the two Cyperus spp. all weeds tested were eventually controlled at 0.29 kg/ha. Eleusine indica and Portulaca oleracea proved somewhat more resistant but one month after assessment the majority of plants were controlled at this rate. Digitaria sanguinalis, Amaranthus retroflexus and surprisingly Rottboellia exaltata exhibited greater susceptibility and were controlled at only 0.07 kg/ha. Both Cyperus spp. were recovering from 1.15 kg/ha 10 weeks after treatment. Cynodon dactylon was susceptible at 1.15 kg/ha at this time and the majority of shoots were dead at 0.29 kg/ha although a few were showing signs of recovery. Rhizome pieces were rotten or deteriorating in most

cases. Oxalis latifolia still exhibited symptoms at 0.07 kg/ha 6 weeks after treatment. At higher rates control was achieved and the majority of bulbs were rotten although occasional foliage was emerging at 0.29 kg/ha.

Crop tolerance was limited to cotton and kenaf at only 0.07 kg/ha. Both species exhibited minor chlorotic symptoms at this dose but six weeks after treatment new healthy foliage was developing. Some resistance was also apparent at 0.29 kg/ha, especially with kenaf, and although symptoms were more severe, recovery was evident six weeks after treatment.

Rottboellia exaltata, Digitaria sanguinalis and Amaranthus retroflexus were all selectively controlled in cotton and kenaf at 0.07 kg/ha.

Possible uses and further testing

Lack of selectivity limits the use of this compound but the obvious situations for use are in total weed control, cleaning up, especially of perennial species, before and after arable crops and in perennial woody plantations where directed application could be used.

The tolerance of cotton and kenaf could possibly be exploited, using directed inter-row sprays. Some tolerance in young tea has also been reported (Kasasian, pers. comm.). Despite the relative resistance of Cyperus spp. in this test, subsequent experiments have shown this weed to be susceptible at higher doses.

Further testing in carrots, and possibly field beans as a contact pre-emergence treatment, especially where perennial weeds are problems would seem suitable.

A minor disadvantage of this compound could be the time taken for symptoms and activity to reach their maximum and in some situations a quick 'knock-down' effect may be a useful attribute. To this end the work of Suwannamek and Parker (pers. comm.) using a combination of ammonium salts, in particular ammonium sulphate, with glyphosate have proved beneficial against C. rotundus. Similar enhancement of effect has been found by Richardson (unpublished data) on well established Pteridium aquilinum and Rumex acetosella.

INITIAL ACTIVITY TEST

GLYPHOSATE

		0.23 kg/ha (S 0.2 kg/ha)	1.15 kg/ha (S 1.0 kg/ha)	5.75 kg/ha (S 5.0 kg/ha)
<u>DWARF BEAN</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XX	XXXXXXXXXX XX	0
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>KALE</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXX	0
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
<u>POLYGONUM AMPHIBIUM</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX XX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>PERENNIAL RYEGRASS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
<u>AVENA FATUA</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX XXXXX	0
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +
<u>AGROPYRON REPENS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXX XXXXX	X XX	0
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application
 S = post-emergence, soil drench
 P = pre-emergence, surface film
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

SPECIES		GLYPHOSATE 0.07 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 0.29 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 1.15 KG/ HA
WHEAT (1)	90 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	40 14	XXXXXXX XXX	0 0	
BARLEY (2)	100 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	0 0		0 0	
OAT (3)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 14	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXX	100 14	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXX
PER RYGR (4)	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	81 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	50 14	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXX
ONION (8)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	80 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	80 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
DWF BEAN (9)	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
FID BEAN (10)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
PEA (11)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	50 21	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX
W CLOVER (12)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	75 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
KALE (15)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
CABBAGE (16)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	80 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
SWEDE (17)	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	88 21	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX
CARROT (18)	100 86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	60 57	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	GLYPHOSATE 0.07 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 0.29 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 1.15 KG/HA	
PARSNIP (19)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	88	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
LETTUCE (20)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	58	XXXXXXXXXXXX
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXX
SUG BEET (21)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU (26)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	38	XXXXXXX	0	
	36	XXXXXXX	21	XXXX	0	
ALO MYOS (27)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXX	14	XXX
POA ANN (28)	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	63	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	44	XXXXXXXXXXXX
	29	XXXXXXX	21	XXXX	14	XXX
POA TRIV (29)	44	XXXXXXXXXXXX	19	XXXX	0	
	36	XXXXXXXXXXXX	7	x	0	
SIN ARV (30)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
RAPH RAP (31)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
TRIP MAR (33)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	42	XXXXXXX	33	XXXXXXX
	36	XXXXXXX	21	XXXX	14	XXX
SEN VULG (34)	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	13	XXX
	21	XXXX	14	XXX	7	x
POL LAPA (35)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXX
POL AVIC (36)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	31	XXXXXXX
	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX	7	x

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	GLYPHOSATE 0.07 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 0.29 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 1.15 KG/HA	
RUM CRIS (37)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
GAL APAR (38)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
CHEN ALB (39)	90 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	20 14	XXXX XXX	0 0	
STEL MED (40)	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
SPER ARV (41)	42 21	XXXXXXX XXXX	0 0		0 0	
VER PERS (42)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 43	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	75 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
AG REPEN (47)	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	100 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX
AG STOLO (48)	83 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	33 29	XXXXXXX XXXXXXX	0 0	
MAIZE (58)	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	50 14	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXX	0 0	
SORGHUM (59)	50 21	XXXXXXXXXXXX XXXX	17 14	XXX XXX	0 0	
RICE (60)	88 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	75 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	38 21	XXXXXXX XXXX
GRNDNUT (64)	100 71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	100 57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	100 50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	75 29	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	GLYPHOSATE 0.07 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 0.29 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 1.15 KG/HA	
COTTON (66)	100 93	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
JUTE (67)	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	50 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
KENAF (68)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx
TOBACCO (69)	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
SESAMUM (70)	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	94 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
ELEU IND (74)	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	63 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
ECH CRUS (75)	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	56 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	22 14	xxxxx xxx
ROT EXAL (76)	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	63 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	25 29	xxxxx xxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	67 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx	0 0		0 0	
AMAR RET (78)	80 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	70 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	40 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
PORT OLE (79)	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	67 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	GLYPHOSATE 0.07 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 0.29 KG/HA		GLYPHOSATE 1.15 KG/HA	
CYN DACT (82)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	14	xxx
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX	14	xxx
CYP ESCU (85)	218	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	91	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	82	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	114	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	76	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	67	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX
OXAL LAT (87)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	75	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX	0	

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

MC 4379

Code number: MC 4379 Trade name: Modown
Chemical name: Methyl-5-(2',4'-dichlorophenoxy)-2-nitrobenzoate
Source: Mobil Chemical Co
P O Box 240
Edison
New Jersey 08817
USA

Information available and suggested uses:

Manufacturer's information from 1973 reports control of some grasses and resistant broad-leaved weeds in soyabeans, maize, rice, sorghum, other small grains, safflower and sunflower. Rates of application pre-emergence range from 1.12-2.24 kg ai/ha and 0.28-2.24 kg ai/ha post-emergence. Applications to rice and small grain crops can be overall but directed spraying is necessary in other crops. Combination with other herbicides, which are predominantly grass killers, has improved the weed control spectrum.

Formulation used: 24% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate

Spray volume: for selectivity experiment 396 l/ha (35.2 gal/ac)
for initial activity test 392 l/ha (34.9 gal/ac)

RESULTS

TABLE OF SELECTIVITIES

RATE kg ai/ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by more than 70%
5.18 and 1.73	None	None listed as no crops tolerant
0.58	oat perennial ryegrass sorghum rice	<u>Sinapis arvensis</u> <u>Raphanus raphanistrum</u> <u>Senecio vulgaris</u> <u>Polygonum lapathifolium</u> <u>Polygonum aviculare</u> <u>Rumex crispus</u> <u>Galium aparine</u> <u>Chenopodium album</u> <u>Spergula arvensis</u> <u>Veronica persica</u> <u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u> <u>Portulaca oleracea</u>

Comments on results

General

Foliar application of this compound was more active than the post-emergence soil drench in the Initial Activity Test. Broad-leaved species showed greater susceptibility than grass species by all means of application. Severe initial scorch was evident on all species within 24 hours of spraying but was only lethal at the highest dose. Pre-emergence incorporation generally reduced activity compared with a soil-surface application.

The greater susceptibility of broad-leaved species was again evident in the post-emergence selectivity experiment especially with small seeded species. Effects on perennial species were not outstanding. Few crop species were tolerant at 0.58 kg/ha, although many broad-leaved weeds were controlled at this rate.

Symptoms

Depending on dose, moderate to severe herbicide scorch was apparent very soon after application. With susceptible broad-leaved species foliage was partially or totally killed. Where buds received spray death occurred, but where they were protected some development did occur, albeit stunted. At lower doses plant recovery was slow and stunting was evident. Monocotyledons were not so severely affected but stunting and some leaf capture causing malformation did occur.

Temperate weeds and crops

Broad-leaved weeds were very susceptible with ten of the twelve species tested being controlled at 0.58 kg/ha. All cruciferous and polygonaceous weeds were controlled, the susceptibility of Polygonum aviculare being particularly noteworthy. Most important of the other weeds controlled were Galium aparine, Veronica persica and Spergula arvensis. Although Tripleurospermum maritimum and Stellaria media were not adequately controlled at 0.58 kg/ha their vigour was reduced by 50 and 57% respectively. All grass weeds were resistant at this dose.

Oat and perennial ryegrass were tolerant at 0.58 kg/ha and reduced in vigour by only 29% at 1.73 kg/ha. All the cereals were affected initially at the higher doses by contact scorch action, but main shoots were not damaged and plants made a good recovery. The fresh weights of oat and wheat, taken 6 weeks after treatment at 5.18 kg/ha, were 84% of control while barley fresh weight was 82% of control at 1.73 kg/ha.

Many broad-leaved weeds were selectively controlled in oat and perennial ryegrass at 0.58 kg/ha. [This compares with a recent pre-emergence experiment where crop tolerances were greater but broad-leaved weed control was less efficient. Stellaria media was resistant at 7.50 kg/ha. Convolvulus arvensis was controlled at this rate but in a further experiment established plants recovered from 6.60 kg/ha after an efficient foliage kill].

Tropical weeds and crops

The tropical broad-leaved Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were both killed at 0.58 kg/ha. Most annual grasses were controlled at 5.18 kg/ha but Rottboellia exaltata was still resistant.

Oxalis latifolia was well controlled at the initial assessment but one month later, recovery was apparent at all rates of application, albeit slow. MC 4379 produced little significant effect on Cyperus rotundus and moderate to severe foliage scorch was soon followed by healthy regrowth. Cyperus esculentus was much more sensitive and although 9 weeks after treatment recovery was apparent at 1.73 kg/ha, no further development had occurred at 5.18 kg/ha and foliage was gradually dying. Cynodon dactylon was susceptible at 5.18 kg/ha and although some rhizome pieces did rot at this dose there was recovery 9 weeks after treatment.

No broad-leaved crops showed any tolerance. Maize exhibited marginal tolerance (reduced by 21% of control) at 0.58 kg/ha while sorghum and rice showed definite resistance. Herbicide scorch was apparent on leaves present at spraying but new foliage was not affected. Although plants recovered from 1.73 kg/ha adverse effects were still visible 5 weeks after treatment.

Only Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were selectively controlled in sorghum and rice at 0.58 kg/ha by MC 4379.

Possible uses and further testing

Excellent temperate broad-leaved weed control may be expected giving some potential in certain situations as a contact pre-emergence herbicide. Further testing in cereals may be worthwhile in view of the results obtained in this test. The degree of recovery shown by the cereals from initial contact scorch suggests that the solvent and/or wetting agent used in the formulation of the herbicide may be responsible rather than the herbicide itself and that a modified formulation might lead to better selectivity. Although the complete lack of grass and perennial weed control is a disadvantage if compatibility with grass weed herbicides is as good as suggested by the manufacturers, then further experimentation with such mixtures would be worthwhile. The specificity for Convolvulus arvensis shown in two other tests is of great interest.

Activity on Oxalis latifolia was impressive initially and may well be worth further investigation. Tolerance in rice and sorghum was not outstanding and at rates which the crops could resist only small seeded broad-leaved weeds were controlled.

INITIAL ACTIVITY TEST

MC 4379

0.76 kg/ha
(S 0.67 kg/ha)

2.28 kg/ha
(S 2.00 kg/ha)

6.84 kg/ha
(S 6.00 kg/ha)

DWARF
BEAN

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX

KALE

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXX	X XX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXX XXXXXXXXXX	O O
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXX XXXXXX

POLYGONUM
AMPHIBIUM

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXX	XXXXXX XXX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

PERENNIAL
RYEGRASS

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXX XXXXXXXXXXXX
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

AVENA
FATUA

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX R XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX R
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

AGROPYRON
REPENS

F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX R XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX R	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX + XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application
 S = post-emergence, soil drench
 P = pre-emergence, surface film
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

SPECIES	MC4379 0.58 KG/HA		MC4379 1.73 KG/HA		MC4379 5.18 KG/HA	
WHEAT (1)	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
BARLEY (2)	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	60 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OAT (3)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
PER RYGR (4)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ONION (8)	80 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	60 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	0 0	
DWF BEAN (9)	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	100 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx
FLD BEAN (10)	100 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	50 7	xxxxxxxxxxxxx x	25 14	xxxxx xxx
PEA (11)	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx
W CLOVER (12)	56 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0		0 0	
KALE (15)	50 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	50 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx	0 0	
CABBAGE (16)	80 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	50 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx	0 0	
SWEDE (17)	25 14	xxxxxx xxx	0 0		0 0	
CARROT (18)	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	90 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	MC4379 0.58 KG/HA		MC4379 1.73 KG/HA		MC4379 5.18 KG/HA	
PARSNIP (19)	38 43	xxxxxxx xxxxxxxx	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
LETTUCE (20)	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
SUG BEET (21)	19 36	xxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
AVE FATU (26)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ALO MYOS (27)	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx
POA ANN (28)	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	94 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	31 29	xxxxxx xxxxxx
POA TRIV (29)	81 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	38 36	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	0 0
SIN ARV (30)	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
RAPH RAP (31)	50 14	xxxxxxx xxx	10 7	xx x	0 0	0 0
TRIP MAR (33)	92 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxx	42 43	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	0 0
SEN VULG (34)	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
POL LAPA (35)	0 0		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
POL AVIC (36)	31 29	xxxxxx xxxxxx	6 14	x xxx	0 0	0 0

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	MC4379 0.58 KG/HA		MC4379 1.73 KG/HA		MC4379 5.18 KG/HA	
RUM CRIS (37)	11 xx 14 xxx		0 0		0 0	
GAL APAR (38)	63 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx 21 xxx		13 xxx 7 x		0 0	
CHEN ALB (39)	20 xxx 14 xxx		0 0		0 0	
STEL MED (40)	50 xxxxxxxxxxx 43 xxxxxxxxxxx		0 0		0 0	
SPER ARV (41)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
VER PERS (42)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
AG REPEN (47)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		83 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 64 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
AG STOLO (48)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
MAIZE (58)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 71 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx		75 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 36 xxxxxxxx	
SORGHUM (59)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 71 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
RICE (60)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 71 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	
GRNDNUT (64)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 64 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 43 xxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 43 xxxxxxxx	
SOYABEAN (65)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 43 xxxxxxxx		100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 36 xxxxxxxx	

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	MC4379 0.58 KG/HA		MC4379 1.73 KG/HA		MC4379 5.18 KG/HA	
COTTON (66)	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	100 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
JUTE (67)	33 7	xxxxxxx x	0 0		0 0	
KENAF (68)	63 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx	50 14	xxxxxxxxxxx xxx	25 14	xxxxx xxx
TOBACCO (69)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
SESAMUM (70)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
ELEU IND (74)	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	88 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	13 29	xxx xxxxxx
ECH CRUS (75)	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	33 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx
ROT EXAL (76)	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 50	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	67 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	33 29	xxxxxxx xxxxxxx
AMAR RET (78)	0 0		0 0		0 0	
PORT OLE (79)	0 0		0 0		0 0	

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	MC4379 0.58 KG/HA		MC4379 1.73 KG/HA		MC4379 5.18 KG/HA	
CYN DACT (82)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	14	XXX
CYP ESCU (85)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	109	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX +	73	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
CYP ROTU (86)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	81	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXX
OXAL LAT (89)	50	XXXXXXXXXX	75	XXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
	36	XXXXXXX	14	XXX	0	

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

CHLORFENPROP-METHYL

Code number: Bayer 70533 Trade name: Bidisin
Chemical name: Methyl 2-chloro-3-(4-chlorophenyl)propionate
Source: Bayer Agrochem Ltd
 Eastern Way
 Bury St Edmunds
 Suffolk

Information available and suggested uses:

Introduced in 1967 and subsequently recommended for the control of wild oats post-emergence in spring barley and spring wheat when the weed is at the 2-3 leaf stage and before tillering. Timing and method of application are important factors in degree of control. The compound is compatible with hormone weed killers for improved control spectrum in cereals. Trials for control of A. fatua have also been reported in the manufacturer's literature from 1973 in winter wheat and barley, oats, sugar beet, carrots, peas, field beans and established ryegrass.

Formulation used: 80% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate (Bayer 6370)
 [IAT 53% w/v a.i. emulsifiable concentrate (Bayer 5710)]

Spray volume: for selectivity experiment 396 l/ha (35.2 gal/ac)
 for initial activity test 347 l/ha (30.9 gal/ac)

RESULTS

TABLE OF SELECTIVITIES

RATE kg ai/ha	CROPS: vigour reduced by less than 15%	WEEDS: number or vigour reduced by more than 70%
9.20	perennial ryegrass onion	<u>Rumex crispus</u> <u>Spergula arvensis</u> <u>Veronica persica</u> + species below
4.60	species above + wheat barley oat carrot sorghum rice	<u>Avena fatua</u> <u>Sinapis arvensis</u> <u>Senecio vulgaris</u> <u>Chenopodium album</u> + species below
2.30	species above + pea sugar beet maize	<u>Amaranthus retroflexus</u> <u>Portulaca oleracea</u>

Comments on results

General

Initial Activity Test results showed foliar activity on dwarf bean, kale and to a lesser extent on Avena fatua. Soil activity was also found on these species and was of the same order on A. fatua but lower on the other species.

Avena fatua proved to be more sensitive in the post-emergence experiment and a number of broad-leaved species were also well controlled. Cereal species were generally tolerant and some temperate broad-leaved crops also exhibited resistance. Perennial ryegrass and onion were outstandingly resistant as were many grass and perennial weed species.

Symptoms

Contact scorch symptoms were evident 24 hours after treatment on Avena fatua and susceptible broad-leaved species. The main shoot of A. fatua was either completely killed or severely inhibited as were the buds of susceptible broad-leaved species.

Temperate weeds and crops

A high specificity for Avena fatua was evident with plants being killed at 4.60 kg/ha. This contrasts with the results of the Initial Activity Test where, although activity was found, control was not achieved. However a different source of Avena fatua seeds were used in the second test, suggesting that different varieties of wild oat show varying susceptibility to chlorfenprop-methyl. (Soil and environmental conditions, growth stage at spraying and volume rates were similar in the two tests reported here). The work of Hack (1971) and Stryckers et al (1972) has indicated varietal differences in response. Other temperate annual and perennial grass-weeds were resistant even at 9.20 kg/ha but certain broad-leaved species were controlled. Galium aparine and Polygonum aviculare however, were particularly resistant.

The cereals, wheat, barley and oat were tolerant at 4.60 kg/ha and were reduced in vigour only slightly at 9.20 kg/ha. Perennial ryegrass and onion were outstandingly tolerant at 9.20 kg/ha, while carrot withstood 4.60 kg/ha. Pea and sugar beet showed resistance at 2.30 kg/ha only.

The most interesting selectivity occurred with the control of Avena fatua in cereals, but its control in onions and carrots could also prove useful. The potential for control of the six broad-leaved weeds in onions was very striking.

Tropical weeds and crops

All tropical annual grass weeds showed moderate to considerable resistance even at 9.20 kg/ha. The broad-leaved species Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were, however, controlled at only 2.30 kg/ha. Only minor effects were visible on the perennial Cyperus spp., Cynodon dactylon and Oxalis latifolia at 9.20 kg/ha and recovery was soon apparent.

The tropical cereals, sorghum and rice, were tolerant at 4.60 kg/ha and were only reduced by 21% of control at 9.20 kg/ha. Maize proved somewhat more susceptible being tolerant at 2.30 kg/ha but reduced by 21% at 4.60 kg/ha. All species exhibited minor scorch symptoms, however, even at lower doses. The smaller seeded broad-leaved crops were all susceptible but soyabean and groundnut were more resistant showing only slight reduction at 2.30 kg/ha. The latter species was also reduced by only 29% of control at 4.60 kg/ha. Scorch was again evident but recovery was apparent 6 weeks after treatment of these species.

Amaranthus retroflexus and Portulaca oleracea were the only weeds selectively controlled in sorghum and rice at 4.60 kg/ha and maize at 2.30 kg/ha.

Possible uses and further testing

The most striking feature of chlorfenprop-methyl is the selectivity which can exist between Avena fatua and the cereals under certain conditions, which has formed the basis of the manufacturer's development of the herbicide. A higher dose is needed for the control of A. fatua than with other post-emergence wild oat herbicides but it may have a wider safety margin in all three temperate cereals. No other herbicide has shown the selectivity between A. fatua and cultivated oats which appeared in the present experiment. Chlorfenprop-methyl also exhibits a much faster activity than other post-emergence wild oat herbicides. The selectivity in onion would also appear to warrant further investigation and although the broad-leaved weed control spectrum is not so good as with pyrazon or ioxynil which are currently used in this crop it could find use in situations where A. fatua is a problem. A mixture might also enhance the spectrum of chlorfenprop-methyl. This compound would, however, appear to have little application in the tropical situation due to its lack of activity on the annual grass weed species.

INITIAL ACTIVITY TEST

CHLORFENPROP-METHYL

		0.56 kg/ha	2.24 kg/ha	8.96 kg/ha
DWARF BEAN	F	XXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXX	XXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX
KALE	F	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX	XXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>POLYGONUM</u> <u>AMPHIBIUM</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PERENNIAL RYEGRASS	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AVENA</u> <u>FATUA</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXX
<u>AGROPYRON</u> <u>REPENS</u>	F	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	S	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	P	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	I	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Key: F = post-emergence, foliar application
 S = post-emergence, soil drench
 P = pre-emergence, surface film
 I = pre-planting, incorporated

(NB These histograms are for vigour only - no numbers available)

SPECIES	CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 4.60 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 9.20 KG/HA	
WHEAT (1)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
BARLEY (2)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
OAT (3)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
PER RYGR (4)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
ONION (8)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
DWF BEAN (9)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX
FLD BEAN (10)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	25	XXXXXX
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX	14	XXX
PEA (11)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXX
W CLOVER (12)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	94	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXX
KALE (15)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	60	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX
CABBAGE (16)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	80	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	10	XX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX
SWEDE (17)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	38	XXXXXXXXXX	13	XXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX
CARROT (18)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	40	XXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 4.60 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 9.20 KG/HA	
PARSNIP (19)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	88	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
LETTUCE (20)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	58	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SUG BEET (21)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AVE FATU (26)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	38	XXXXXXX	25	XXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXXX	7	X
ALO MYOS (27)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POA ANN (28)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POA TRIV (29)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SIN ARV (30)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	8	XX	0	
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	21	XXXX	0	
RAPH RAP (31)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
TRIP MAR (33)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	42	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	36	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
SEN VULG (34)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	25	XXXXXX	0	
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
POL LAPA (35)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	90	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	60	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
POL AVIC (36)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	63	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 4.60 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 9.20 KG/HA	
RUM CRIS (37)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	78	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX		0
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX		0
GAL. APAR (38)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
CHEN ALB (39)	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX	0		0	
	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	0		0	
STEL MED (40)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	92	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	43	XXXXXXXXXXXX
SPER ARV (41)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
VER PERS (42)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	0	
AG REPEN (47)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
AG STOLO (48)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
MAIZE (58)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	93	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	64	XXXXXXXXXXXX
SORGHUM (59)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
RICE (60)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	86	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
GRNDNUT (64)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	71	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	50	XXXXXXXXXXXX
SOYABEAN (65)	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	100	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
	79	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	57	XXXXXXXXXXXX	29	XXXXXX

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 4.60 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 9.20 KG/HA	
COTTON (66)	100 36	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	100 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx	50 14	xxxxxxxxxxx xxx
JUTE (67)	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx	92 14	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxx
KENAF (68)	100 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	100 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx
TOBACCO (69)	70 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	20 36	xxxxx xxxxxxx	0 0	
SESAMUM (70)	50 36	xxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	31 14	xxxxxxx xxx	31 14	xxxxxxx xxx
ELEU IND (74)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 43	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx
ECH CRUS (75)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 71	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
ROT EXAL (76)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 64	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
DIG SANG (77)	100 86	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 79	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	92 57	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxxx
AMAR RET (78)	100 21	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx	40 7	xxxxxxx x	10 7	xx x
PORT OLE (79)	75 29	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxx	33 21	xxxxxxx xxxxx	0 0	

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

SPECIES	CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 2.30 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 4.60 KG/HA		CHLORFENPROP-METHYL 9.20 KG/HA	
	100	86	100	86	100	71
CYN DACT (82)	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ESCU (85)	145 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	118 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 79 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
CYP ROTU (86)	105 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	105 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	105 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	124 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	124 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	124 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx + 100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
OXAL LAT (87)	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 86 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 57 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 64 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 64 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	100 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx 64 xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

POST-EMERGENCE SELECTIVITY TEST

Acknowledgements

Thanks are due to the Computer Department, Rothamsted Experimental Station and to the Statistics Department, ARC Letcombe Laboratory for processing the experimental data. We are indebted to Mrs S O'Keefe, Miss A-M Hitchcock, R H Webster, R M Porteous, D J Cambray and E S Peck for technical and practical assistance and to the various commercial firms for providing the chemicals and technical data.

The work of the ODA Tropical Weeds Group was carried out under Research Scheme R 2119 financed by H M Overseas Development Administration.

References

- BAIRD, D.D., UPCHURCH, R.P., HOMESLEY, W.B. and FRANZ, J.E. (1971) Introduction of a new broadspectrum post-emergence herbicide class with utility for herbaceous perennial weed control. Proc. North Central Weed Control Conf., 26, 64-68.
- BAIRD, D.D. and BEGEMANN, G.F. (1972) Post-emergence characterisation of a new quackgrass herbicide. Proc. Northeastern Weed Sci. Soc., 26, 100-106.
- DEAN, M.L. and PARKER, C. (1971) The pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides in jute, kenaf and sesamum and their activity against Oxalis latifolia. Tech. Rep. agric. Res. Coun. Weed Res. Orgn, 19, pp 24.
- FISCHER, A. (1968) New contact herbicides particularly for the control of mayweeds. Proc. 9th Br. Weed Control Conf., 2, 1042-1045.
- FISCHER, A. (1969) New herbicides for the control of broad-leaved and grassy weeds. Proc. 3rd E.W.R.C. Symposium on New Herbicides, Versailles, 1, 67-75.
- HACK, H. (1971) Studies on the translocation of chlorfenprop-methyl in wild oats (Avena fatua) and the response of different varieties of wild oat to chlorfenprop-methyl. Mitteilungen aus der Biologischen Bundesanstalt für Landund Forstwirtschaft, Berlin - Dahlem, 146, 167.
- KASASIAN, L. (1973) The chemical control of Orobanche crenata in Vicia faba and the susceptibility of 53 cultivars of V. faba to O. crenata. Proc. Eur. Weed Res. Coun. Symp. Parasitic Weeds, 224-230.
- MACDIARMID, B. (1971) Herbicides for the control of grasses in maize in New Zealand. Proc. 3rd Asian Pacific Weed Sci. Soc. Conf., Kuala Lumpur. (in press).
- RICHARDSON, W.G. and DEAN, M.L. (1972) The pre-emergence selectivity of some newly developed herbicides: bentazon, BAS 3730 H, metflurazone, SAN 9789, HER 52.123 and U 27,267. Tech. Rep. agric. Res. Coun. Weed Res. Orgn, 22, pp 51.
- RICHARDSON, W.G. and DEAN, M.L. (1973) The pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: lenacil, RU 12068, cyprazine, EMD-IT 5914 and benthocarb. Tech. Rep. agric. Res. Coun. Weed Res. Orgn, 25, pp 57.

ROGERS, L. (1973) Post-emergence herbicides for weed control in soyabeans. Weeds Today, 4(3), 6-8.

STRYCKERS, J., VAN HIMME, M. and VAN BOCKSTALLE, E. (1972) The susceptibility of Avena spp. and varieties to chlorfenprop-methyl. 24th Symposium Fytopharm. Fytriatryae, 641-651.

WILLS, G.D. and MCWHORTER, C.G. (1972) Effects of temperature, relative humidity and soil moisture on translocation of bentazon in cocklebur, nutsedge and soyabean plants. Proc. 25th Southern Weed Sci. Soc., 415-417.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

WEED RESEARCH ORGANIZATION

Technical reports available

5. A survey of the problem of aquatic weed control in England and Wales. October, 1967. T.O. Robson. Price - £0.25.
6. The botany, ecology, agronomy and control of Poa trivialis L. rough-stalked meadow-grass. November 1966. G.P. Allen. Price - £0.25.
7. Flame cultivation experiments 1965. October, 1966. G.W. Ivens. Price - £0.25.
8. The development of selective herbicides for kale in the United Kingdom. 2. The methylthiotriazines. Price - £0.25.
9. The post-emergence selectivity of some newly developed herbicides (NC 6627, NC 4780, NC 4762, BH 584, BH 1455). December, 1967. K. Holly and Mrs. A.K. Wilson. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.50.
10. The liverwort, Marchantia polymorpha L. as a weed problem in horticulture; its extent and control. July, 1968. I.E. Henson. Price - £0.25.
11. Raising plants for herbicide evaluation; a comparison of compost types. July, 1968. I.E. Henson. Price - £0.25.
12. Studies on the regeneration of perennial weeds in the glasshouse; I. Temperate species. May, 1969. I.E. Henson. Price - £0.25.
13. Changes in the germination capacity of three Polygonum species following low temperature moist storage. June, 1969. I.E. Henson. Price - £0.25.
14. Studies on the regeneration of perennial weeds in the glasshouse. II. Tropical species. May, 1970. I.E. Henson. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.50.
15. Methods of analysis for herbicide residues in use at the Weed Research Organization. December, 1970. R.J. Hance and C.E. McKone. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.50.
16. Report on a joint survey of the presence of wild oat seeds in cereal seed drills in the United Kingdom during Spring 1970. November, 1970. J.G. Elliott and P.J. Attwood. Price - £0.25.
17. The pre-emergence selectivity of some newly developed herbicides, Orga 3045 (in comparison with dalapon), haloxydine (PP 493), HZ 52.112, pronamide (RH 315) and R 12001. January, 1971. W.G. Richardson, C. Parker and K. Holly. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.50.
18. A survey from the roadside of the state of post-harvest operations in Oxfordshire in 1971. November, 1971. A. Phillipson. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.12; overseas airmail - £0.34.

19. The pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides in jute, kenaf and sesamum, and their activity against Oxalis latifolia. December, 1971. M.L. Dean and C. Parker. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.45.
20. A survey of cereal husbandry and weed control in three regions of England. July, 1972. A. Phillipson, T.W. Cox and J.G. Elliott. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.35; overseas airmail - £0.75.
21. An automatic punching counter. November, 1972. R.C. Simmons. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.30; overseas airmail - £0.50.
22. The pre-emergence selectivity of some newly developed herbicides: bentazon, BAS 3730H, metflurazone, SAN 9789, HER 52.123, U 27,267. December 1972. W.G. Richardson and M.L. Dean. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.45.
23. A survey of the presence of wild oats and blackgrass in parts of the United Kingdom during summer 1972. A. Phillipson. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £0.25; overseas airmail - £0.45.
24. The conduct of field experiments at the Weed Research Organization. February 1973. J. G. Elliott, J. Holroyd and T. O. Robson. Price U.K. and overseas surface mail - £1.25; overseas airmail - £1.47.
25. The pre-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: lenacil, RU 12068, metribuzin, cyprazine, EMD-IT 5914 and benthocarb. August 1973. W.G. Richardson and M.L. Dean. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £1.75; overseas airmail - £2.20.
26. The post-emergence selectivity of some recently developed herbicides: bentazon, EMD-IT 6412, cyprazine, metribuzin, chlornitrofen, glyphosate, MC 4379, chlorfenprop-methyl. October 1973. W.G. Richardson and M.L. Dean. Price - U.K. and overseas surface mail - £3.31; overseas airmail - £3.56.